

# Final Stat Pack for October Term 2019

*July 20, 2020*

Term Index.....	2		
Circuit Scorecard.....	3-4	Signed merits opinions after oral argument	+ 53
Makeup of the Merits Docket.....	5	Per curiam merits opinions after oral argument	+ 2
Opinions by Sitting.....	6	Summary reversals	+ 6
Time Between Oral Arg. And Opinion	7		
Workload.....	8-9	<b>Total merits opinions released</b>	<b>61</b>
Opinions Authored by Each Justice....	10		
Total Opinion Authorship.....	11	Petitions granted for argument	+ 71
Total Opinions Over Time.....	12	Summary reversals	+ 6
Majority Opinion Authorship.....	13	Cases rescheduled for argument during OT20	- 11
Majority Opinion Distribution.....	14	Cases disposed in light of other opinions during OT19	- 2
Frequency in the Majority.....	15	Cases dismissed before oral argument	- 1
Strength of the Majority.....	16	Cases dismissed after oral argument	- 1
Merits Cases by Vote Split.....	17	Cases consolidated after oral argument	- 1
Unanimity.....	18-19	<b>Total merits opinions expected</b>	<b>61</b>
5-4 Cases.....	20-22		
Justice Agreement.....	23-26	<b>Cases set for argument during OT20</b>	<b>31</b>
Oral Argument.....	27-30		
Pace of Grants.....	31-32		
Pace of Opinions.....	33-34		
Voting Alignment.....	35-44		

You can find past Stat Packs here: <<https://www.scotusblog.com/reference/stat-pack/>>. A few matters regarding our methodology are worth mentioning at the outset. First, SCOTUSblog treats consolidated cases as a single case, as determined by the case with the lowest docket number (prior to the release of an opinion) or the case that is captioned with an opinion. To the extent that two cases are argued separately but later decided with only one opinion, we will remove one of the cases from this Stat Pack, except to include it in the Pace of Grants chart to maintain cross-conference comparisons. The most unusual way we manage these later-consolidated cases is to merge the oral-argument data for the two cases. We combine the questions asked by each justice in the separate oral argument proceedings into one “consolidated” session. Second, this Stat Pack frequently uses the term “merits opinions,” “merits docket” or “merits cases.” Those three terms are used interchangeably, and signify the set of cases decided “on the merits.” Those cases include signed opinions after oral argument (the bulk of all merits cases), most per curiam opinions released after oral argument, summary reversals (cases decided with per curiam opinions without briefing or oral argument, often to reverse a lower court) and cases decided by an equally divided court. Cases that are dismissed as improvidently granted are not included in our tally of merits cases.

# Term Index

This chart includes a summary of the cases for the term including (1) majority opinion author, (2) vote, (3) days between argument and opinion, (4) judgment and (5) court below. For each sitting, the chart provides the number of majority opinions written by each justice and the average number of days between argument and opinion for that justice's majority opinions.

October									November									December								
<i>Kahler</i>	EK	6-3	168d	A	ST	JGR	0	-	<i>Barton</i>	BMK	5-4	171d	A	CA11	JGR	1	219d	<i>N.Y. Rifle</i>	PC	6-3	147d	R	CA2	JGR	2	143d
<i>NantKwest</i>	SMS	9-0	65d	A	CAFC	CT	1	55d	<i>Glover</i>	CT	8-1	154d	R	ST	CT	1	154d	<i>Public.Resource</i>	JGR	5-4	147d	A	CA11	CT	0	-
<i>Ramos</i>	NMG	6-3	196d	R	ST	RBG	0	-	<i>CITGO</i>	SMS	7-2	146d	A	CA3	RBG	1	62d	<i>Rodriguez</i>	NMG	9-0	84d	R	CA10	RBG	2	105d
<i>Bostock</i>	NMG	6-3	251d	R	CA11	SGB	1	230d	<i>Allen</i>	EK	9-0	139d	A	CA4	SGB	1	169d	<i>Atlantic</i>	JGR	7-2	139d	R	ST	SGB	2	92d
<i>Aurelius</i>	SGB	9-0	230d	R	CA1	SAA	1	139d	<i>Mau'i</i>	SGB	6-3	169d	R	CA9	SAA	1	105d	<i>Intel</i>	SAA	9-0	84d	A	CA9	SAA	1	84d
<i>Garcia</i>	SAA	5-4	139d	R	ST	SMS	1	65d	<i>IBM</i>	PC	9-0	69d	R	CA2	SMS	1	146d	<i>Banister</i>	EK	7-2	180d	R	CA5	SMS	1	139d
<i>Rotkiske</i>	CT	8-1	55d	A	CA3	EK	1	168d	<i>Regents</i>	JGR	5-4	219d	R	CA9	EK	1	139d	<i>Guerrero-Lasprilla</i>	SGB	7-2	105d	R	CA5	EK	1	180d
						NMG	2	224d	<i>Hernandez</i>	SAA	5-4	105d	A	CA5	NMG	1	131d	<i>Thryv</i>	RBG	7-2	133d	R	CAFC	NMG	1	84d
						BMK	0	-	<i>Comcast</i>	NMG	9-0	131d	R	CA9	BMK	1	171d	<i>Maine Community</i>	SMS	8-1	139d	R	CAFC	BMK	1	76d
						PC	0	-	<i>Ritzen</i>	RBG	9-0	62d	A	CA6	PC	1	69d	<i>Holguin-Hernandez</i>	SGB	9-0	78d	R	CA5	PC	1	147d
						Tot.	7								Tot.	10		<i>Monasky</i>	RBG	9-0	76d	A	CA6	Tot.	12	
						Expect	7								Expect	10		<i>McKinney</i>	BMK	5-4	76d	A	ST	Expect	12	
						Avg.		158d							Avg.		137d							Avg.		116d
January									February									May								
<i>Lucky</i>	SMS	9-0	122d	R	CA2	JGR	1	160d	<i>Cowpasture</i>	CT	7-2	112d	R	CA4	JGR	1	118d	<i>Booking.com</i>	RBG	8-1	57d	A	CA4	JGR	2	58d
<i>Thole</i>	BMK	5-4	140d	A	CA8	CT	1	132d	<i>Opati</i>	NMG	8-0	84d	R	CADC	CT	1	112d	<i>Open Society</i>	BMK	5-3	55d	R	CA2	CT	1	63d
<i>Kelly</i>	EK	9-0	114d	R	CA3	RBG	1	36d	<i>Sineneng-Smith</i>	RBG	9-0	72d	R	CA9	RBG	1	72d	<i>Little Sisters</i>	CT	7-2	63d	R	CA3	RBG	1	57d
<i>Romag</i>	NMG	9-0	100d	R	CAFC	SGB	0	-	<i>Lomax</i>	EK	9-0	103d	A	CA10	SGB	1	117d	<i>Consultants</i>	BMK	6-3	61d	A	CA4	SGB	0	-
<i>Babb</i>	SAA	8-1	82d	R	CA11	SAA	1	82d	<i>Nasrallah</i>	BMK	7-2	91d	R	CA11	SAA	1	115d	<i>McGirt</i>	NMG	5-4	59d	R	ST	SAA	1	58d
<i>Shular</i>	RBG	9-0	36d	A	CA11	SMS	1	122d	<i>Thuraissigiam</i>	SAA	7-2	115d	R	CA9	SMS	1	111d	<i>Guadalupe</i>	SAA	7-2	58d	R	CA9	SMS	0	-
<i>GE Energy</i>	CT	9-0	132d	R	CA11	EK	1	114d	<i>Seila Law</i>	JGR	5-4	118d	R	CA9	EK	1	113d	<i>Mazars</i>	JGR	7-2	58d	R	CADC	EK	1	54d
<i>Espinoza</i>	JGR	5-4	160d	R	ST	NMG	1	100d	<i>Liu</i>	SMS	8-1	111d	R	CA9	NMG	1	84d	<i>Vance</i>	JGR	7-2	58d	A	CA2	NMG	1	59d
						BMK	1	140d	<i>June Medical</i>	SGB	5-4	117d	R	CA5	BMK	1	91d	<i>Chiafalo</i>	EK	9-0	54d	A	ST	BMK	2	58d
						PC	0	-							PC	0	-							PC	0	-
						Tot.	8								Tot.	9								Tot.	9	
						Expect	8								Expect	9								Expect	9	
						Avg.		111d							Avg.		103d							Avg.		58d
Summary Reversal									Total																	
<i>Thompson</i>	PC	9-0	n/a	R	CA9				JGR	7								Dismissed after argument	1						<i>Malvo</i>	
<i>Archdiocese</i>	PC	9-0	n/a	R	ST				CT	5								Dismissed before argument	1						<i>Walker</i>	
<i>Davis</i>	PC	9-0	n/a	R	CA5				RBG	6								Consolidated after arg.	1						<i>Harris</i>	
<i>RNC</i>	PC	5-4	n/a	R	CA7				SGB	5								Disposed by other decision	2						<i>Baca, Murphy</i>	
<i>Andrus</i>	PC	6-3	n/a	R	ST				SAA	6								Rescheduled for next term	11*							
<i>Lee</i>	PC	5-4	n/a	R	CADC				SMS	5																
									EK	6																
									NMG	7																
									BMK	6																
									PC	8																
									Op. Issued	61																
									Op. Expected	61																
									Pct. Decided	100%																
									Average Time	112d																

\* On April 13, 2020, the court rescheduled 10 cases from OT19 to OT20 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. An extension of the briefing schedule in *Salinas*, originally granted in January for argument during OT19, pushed the case back to OT20.

# Circuit Scorecard

October Term 2019							
	Number	Percent	Decided	Aff'd	Rev'd	Aff'd %	Rev'd %
CA1	1	1%	1	0	1	0%	100%
CA2	8	12%	8	2	6	25%	75%
CA3	4	6%	4	2	2	50%	50%
CA4	4	6%	4	3	1	75%	25%
CA5	7	10%	7	1	6	14%	86%
CA6	3	4%	3	3	0	100%	0%
CA7	1	1%	1	0	1	0%	100%
CA8	1	1%	1	1	0	100%	0%
CA9	10	14%	10	1	9	10%	90%
CA10	4	6%	4	1	2	33%	67%
CA11	7	10%	7	3	4	43%	57%
CA DC	4	6%	4	1	3	25%	75%
CA Fed	4	6%	4	1	3	25%	75%
CA AF	0	%	0	0	0	0%	0%
State	11	16%	11	3	8	27%	73%
Dist. Court	0	%	0	0	0	0%	0%
Original	0	%	0	0	0	0%	0%
	<b>68</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>32%</b>	<b>68%</b>

October Term 2020		
	Number	Percent
CA1	0	0%
CA2	1	3%
CA3	2	5%
CA4	1	3%
CA5	7	19%
CA6	4	11%
CA7	2	5%
CA8	2	5%
CA9	3	14%
CA10	1	3%
CA11	2	5%
CA DC	3	8%
CA Fed	1	3%
CA AF	2	5%
State	3	8%
Dist. Court	0	0%
Original	1	3%
	<b>37</b>	<b>100%</b>

\* For the Circuit Scorecards only, we treat certain consolidated cases as separate decisions rather than as one. For consolidated cases that stemmed from different lower court decisions, we counted the cases separately on this table to most accurately reflect the Supreme Court's treatment of the precedents below. For cases that were consolidated in the court below, we count the Supreme Court's decision only once. Throughout the rest of the Stat Pack consolidated cases are uniformly treated as a single case.

\*\* For purposes of the Circuit Scorecards, we include as "affirmances" merits opinions that let stand the lower-court opinion, and as "reversals" opinions that only vacate the lower-court decision and remand for further consideration.

\*\*\* The circuit scorecard does not include *Walker*, which was dismissed before argument, *Malvo*, which was dismissed after argument, *Murphy*, which was restored to the calendar after OT18 but never scheduled for argument during OT19, or *N.Y. Rifle*, which was argued on December 2, 2019, and dismissed as moot on April 27, 2020, via a 6-3 per curiam opinion.

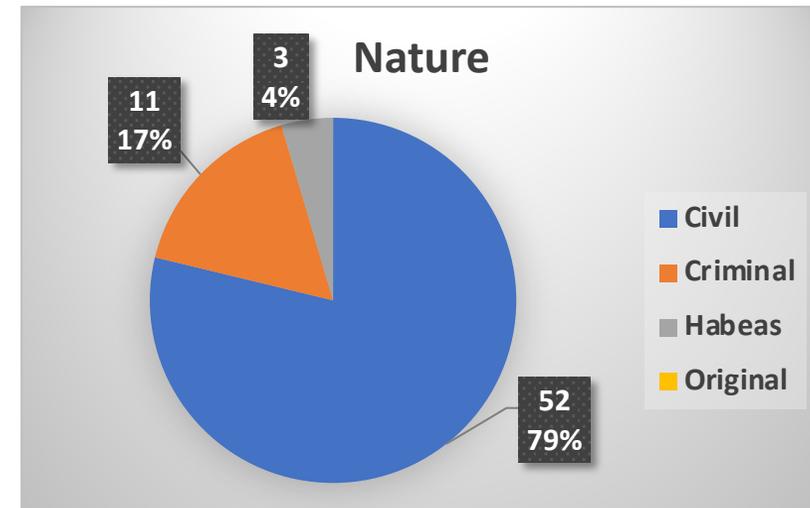
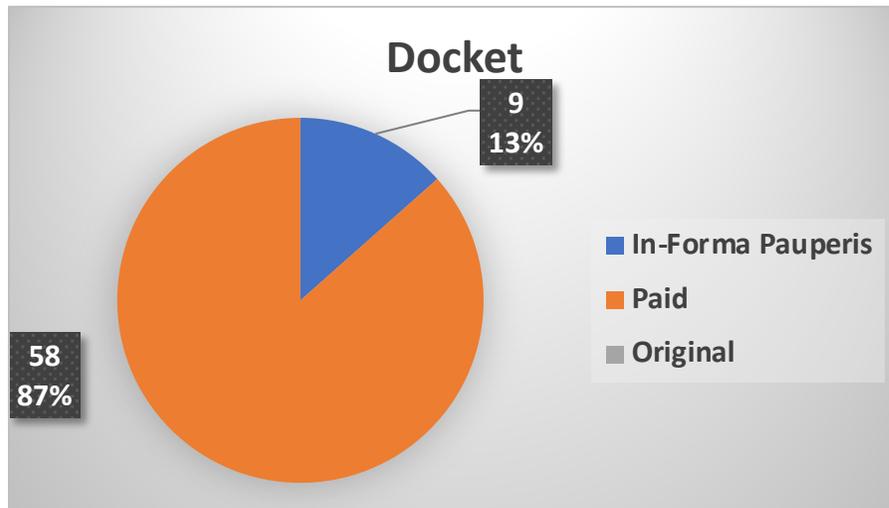
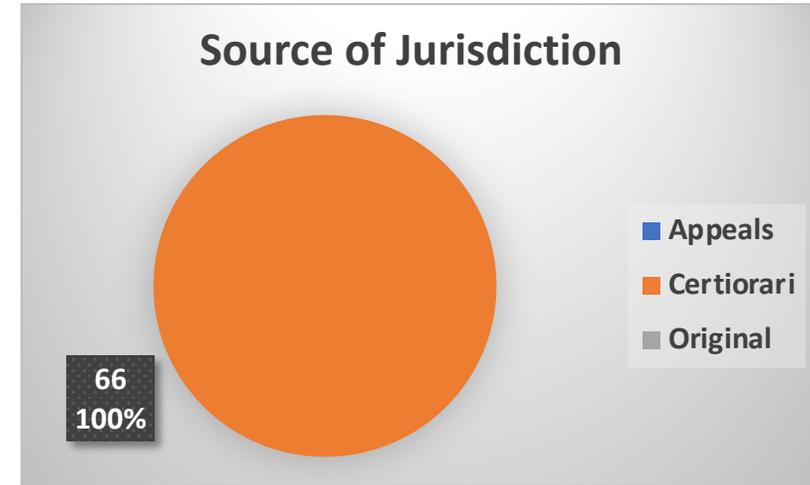
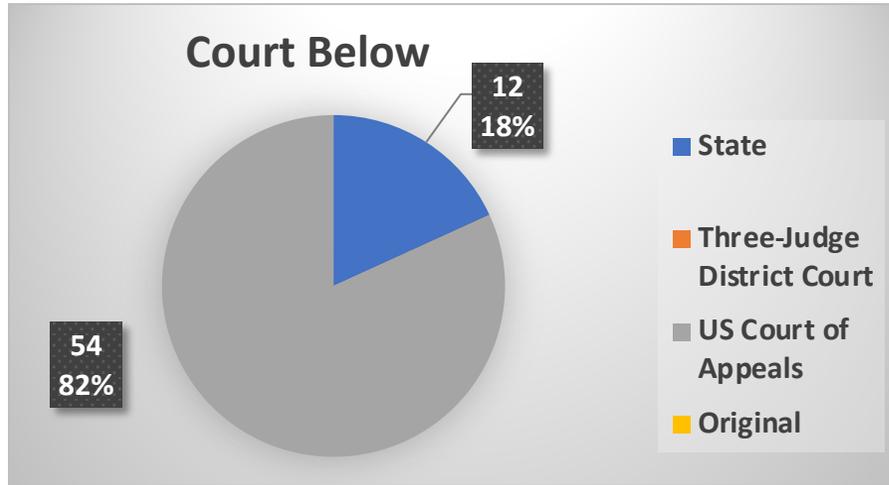
# Circuit Scorecard

This chart features affirmance and reversal rates for each circuit and each justice. The first number is the number of times a particular justice voted to affirm a decision of the court below, and the second number is the number of times that justice voted to vacate or reverse the decision below.

	Roberts	Thomas	Ginsburg	Breyer	Alito	Sotomayor	Kagan	Gorsuch	Kavanaugh	Total Votes	Overall Decisions
<b>CA1</b>	0-1	0-1	0-1	0-1	0-1	0-1	0-1	0-1	0-1	0-9	0-1
<b>CA2</b>	2-6	3-5	3-5	3-5	3-5	3-5	2-5	4-4	2-6	25-46	2-6
<b>CA3</b>	2-2	1-3	2-2	2-2	1-3	3-1	2-2	2-2	2-2	17-19	2-2
<b>CA4</b>	3-1	3-1	2-2	1-3	3-1	4-0	3-1	3-1	3-1	25-11	3-1
<b>CA5</b>	1-6	5-2	0-7	0-7	5-2	0-7	0-7	2-5	2-5	15-46	1-6
<b>CA6</b>	3-0	2-1	3-0	3-0	2-1	3-0	3-0	3-0	2-1	24-3	3-0
<b>CA7</b>	0-1	0-1	1-0	1-0	0-1	1-0	1-0	0-1	0-1	4-5	0-1
<b>CA8</b>	1-0	1-0	0-1	0-1	1-0	0-1	0-1	1-0	1-0	5-4	1-0
<b>CA9</b>	1-9	4-6	3-7	2-8	3-7	4-6	3-7	3-7	2-8	25-65	1-9
<b>CA10</b>	1-2	1-2	1-2	1-2	1-2	1-1	1-2	1-2	1-2	9-17	1-2
<b>CA11</b>	3-4	5-2	1-6	1-6	4-3	2-5	2-5	3-4	4-3	25-38	3-4
<b>CA DC</b>	1-3	1-3	2-2	2-2	1-3	2-2	2-2	0-4	0-3	11-24	1-3
<b>CA Fed</b>	1-3	1-3	1-3	1-3	2-2	2-2	1-3	2-2	1-3	12-24	1-3
<b>State</b>	5-6	6-5	3-8	3-8	6-5	4-7	5-6	5-6	4-7	41-58	3-8
<b>Dist. Court</b>	0-0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0-0
<b>Totals</b>	24-44	33-35	22-46	20-48	32-36	29-38	25-42	29-39	24-43	238-371	22-46

# Makeup of the Merits Docket

The following charts depict different characteristics of the cases that were released with merits opinions. These charts include information about cases disposed of with signed opinions, summary reversals or affirmances by an equally divided court.



Technically, all paid and in forma pauperis cases have been on the same docket since 1971, with paid cases beginning each year with case number 1, and IFP cases beginning at number 5001. Original cases remain on a separate docket and follow a separate numbering convention. For more information on the dockets, see Eugene Gressman et al., "Supreme Court Practice" 55-56 (9th ed. 2007). The charts here do not include the court's decisions in *RNC* or *Lee*, which were never filed as petitions for certiorari at the court.

# Opinions By Sitting

Roberts	0	1	2	1	1	2	JGR	7			
Thomas	1	1	0	1	1	1	CT	5			
Ginsburg	0	1	2	1	1	1	RBG	6			
Breyer	1	1	2	0	1	0	SGB	5			
Alito	1	1	1	1	1	1	SAA	6			
Sotomayor	1	1	1	1	1	0	SMS	5			
Kagan	1	1	1	1	1	1	EK	6			
Gorsuch	2	1	1	1	1	1	NMG	7			
Kavanaugh	0	1	1	1	1	2	BMK	6			
Per Curiam	0	1	1	0	0	0	Per Cur.	2			
	October	November	December	January	February	May	Opinions	55			
	Argued: 9   Decided: 8	Argued: 10   Decided: 10	Argued: 12   Decided: 12	Argued: 8   Decided: 8	Argued: 9   Decided: 9	Argued: 10   Decided: 10	Argued	58			
<i>Kahler</i>	EK	<i>Barton</i>	BMK	<i>N.Y. Rifle</i>	PC	<i>Lucky</i>	SMS	<i>Cowpasture</i>	CT	<i>Booking.com</i>	RBG
<i>NantKwest</i>	SMS	<i>Glover</i>	CT	<i>Public.Resource</i>	JGR	<i>Thole</i>	BMK	<i>Opati</i>	NMG	<i>Open Society</i>	BMK
<i>Ramos</i>	NMG	<i>CITGO</i>	SMS	<i>Rodriguez</i>	NMG	<i>Kelly</i>	EK	<i>Sineneng-Smith</i>	RBG	<i>Little Sisters</i>	CT
<i>Bostock</i>	NMG	<i>Allen</i>	EK	<i>Atlantic</i>	JGR	<i>Romag</i>	NMG	<i>Lomax</i>	EK	<i>Consultants</i>	BMK
<i>Harris *</i>		<i>Maui</i>	SGB	<i>Intel</i>	SAA	<i>Babb</i>	SAA	<i>Nasrallah</i>	BMK	<i>McGirt</i>	NMG
<i>Aurelius</i>	SBG	<i>IBM</i>	PC	<i>Banister</i>	EK	<i>Shular</i>	RBG	<i>Thuraissigiam</i>	SAA	<i>Guadalupe</i>	SAA
<i>Garcia</i>	SAA	<i>Regents</i>	JGR	<i>Guerrero-Lasprilla</i>	SGB	<i>GE Energy</i>	CT	<i>Seila Law</i>	JGR	<i>Mazars</i>	JGR
<i>Rotkiske</i>	CT	<i>Hernandez</i>	SAA	<i>Thryv</i>	RBG	<i>Espinoza</i>	JGR	<i>Liu</i>	SMS	<i>Vance</i>	JGR
<i>Malvo **</i>		<i>Comcast</i>	NMG	<i>Maine Community</i>	SMS			<i>June Medical</i>	SGB	<i>Chiafalo</i>	EK
		<i>Ritzen</i>	RBG	<i>Holguin-Hernandez</i>	SGB					<i>Baca ***</i>	
				<i>Monasky</i>	RBG						
				<i>McKinney</i>	BMK						

\*After oral argument in *Harris* on October 8, 2019, the court consolidated the case with its decision in *Bostock* on June 15, 2020.

\*\*After oral argument in *Malvo* on October 16, 2019, the court dismissed the case pursuant to Rule 46 on February 26, 2020.

\*\*\*After oral argument in *Baca* on May 13, 2020, the court on July 6, 2020, reversed the decision below in a one-page per curiam opinion “for the reasons stated in” its opinion in *Chiafalo*.

# Time Between Oral Argument and Opinion

Argued	Avg.	Total
October	158d	7
November	137d	10
December	116	12
January	111	8
February	103d	9
May	58d	9
<b>Overall</b>	<b>112d</b>	<b>55</b>

<b>Average</b>	<b>112d</b>
<b>Median</b>	<b>105d</b>

<b>Shortest</b>	<i>Shular</i>	36d
<b>Longest</b>	<i>Bostock</i>	251d

Averages	
OT06	96d
OT07	94d
OT08	94d
OT09	109d
OT10	106d
OT11	97d
OT12	95d
OT13	94d
OT14	95d
OT15	95d
OT16	92d
OT17	109d
OT18	105d

	Rank	Case	Days	Author	Vote	Argued	Decided
<b>Shortest</b>	1	<i>Shular</i>	36	Ginsburg	9-0	Jan. 21, 2020	Feb. 26, 2020
	2	<i>Chiafalo</i>	54	Kagan	9-0	May 13, 2020	July 6, 2020
	3	<i>Open Society</i>	55	Kavanaugh	5-3	May 5, 2020	June 29, 2020
	4	<i>Rotkiske</i>	55	Thomas	8-1	Oct. 16, 2019	Dec. 10, 2019
	5	<i>Booking.com</i>	57	Ginsburg	8-1	May 4, 2020	June 30, 2020
	6	<i>Guadalupe</i>	58	Alito	7-2	May 11, 2020	July 8, 2020
	7	<i>Mazars</i>	58	Roberts	7-2	May 12, 2020	July 9, 2020
	8	<i>Vance</i>	58	Roberts	7-2	May 12, 2020	July 9, 2020
	9	<i>McGirt</i>	59	Gorsuch	5-4	May 11, 2020	July 9, 2020
	10	<i>Consultants</i>	61	Kavanaugh	6-3	May 6, 2020	July 6, 2020

	Rank	Case	Days	Author	Vote	Argued	Decided
<b>Longest</b>	1	<i>Bostock</i>	251	Gorsuch	6-3	Oct. 8, 2019	June 15, 2020
	2	<i>Aurelius</i>	230	Breyer	9-0	Oct. 15, 2019	June 1, 2020
	3	<i>Regents</i>	219	Roberts	5-4	Nov. 12, 2019	June 18, 2020
	4	<i>Ramos</i>	196	Gorsuch	6-3	Oct. 7, 2019	Apr. 20, 2020
	5	<i>Banister</i>	180	Kagan	7-2	Dec. 4, 2019	June 1, 2020
	6	<i>Barton</i>	171	Kavanaugh	5-4	Nov. 4, 2019	Apr. 23, 2020
	7	<i>Maui</i>	169	Breyer	6-3	Nov. 6, 2019	Apr. 23, 2020
	8	<i>Kahler</i>	168	Kagan	6-3	Oct. 7, 2019	Mar. 23, 2020
	9	<i>Glover</i>	154	Thomas	8-1	Nov. 4, 2019	Apr. 6, 2020
	10	<i>Public.Resource</i>	147	Roberts	5-4	Dec. 2, 2019	Apr. 27, 2020

	0-30 days	30-59	60-89	90-119	120-149	150-179	180-209	210-239	More than 240
OT16	0	16	21	11	6	5	2	1	0
OT17	1	8	18	12	10	5	4	1	1
OT18	0	11	16	17	13	6	2	1	1
OT19	1	9	13	11	12	4	2	2	1





# Opinions Authored by Each Justice

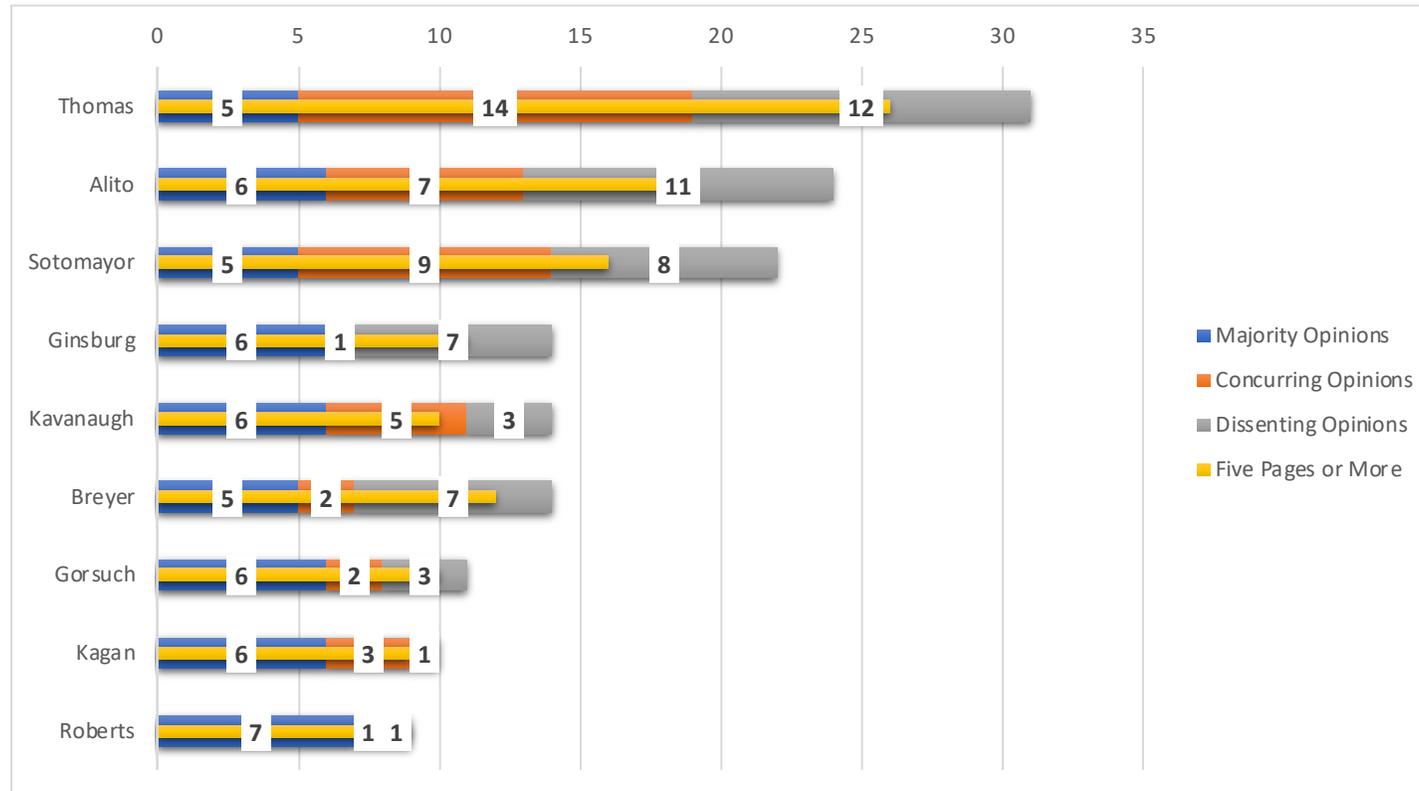
		Roberts	Thomas	Ginsburg	Breyer	Alito	Sotomayor	Kagan	Gorsuch	Kavanaugh	PC	
Majority Opinions	1	<i>Atlantic</i>	<i>Rotkiske</i>	<i>Ritzen</i>	<i>Holguin-Hernandez</i>	<i>Garcia</i>	<i>NantKwest</i>	<i>Kahler</i>	<i>Comcast</i>	<i>McKinney</i>	<i>IBM</i>	61
	2	<i>Public.Resource</i>	<i>Glover</i>	<i>Thryv</i>	<i>Mau</i>	<i>Babb</i>	<i>Maine Community</i>	<i>Banister</i>	<i>Ramos</i>	<i>Barton</i>	<i>N.Y. Rifle</i>	
	3	<i>Regents</i>	<i>GE Energy</i>	<i>Shular</i>	<i>Aurelius</i>	<i>Hernandez</i>	<i>Lucky</i>	<i>Kelly</i>	<i>Bostock</i>	<i>Thole</i>	<i>Davis</i>	
	4	<i>Espinoza</i>	<i>Cowpasture</i>	<i>Sineneng-Smith</i>	<i>Guerrero-Lasprilla</i>	<i>Intel</i>	<i>CITGO</i>	<i>Lomax</i>	<i>Opati</i>	<i>Nasrallah</i>	<i>RNC</i>	
	5	<i>Seila Law</i>	<i>Little Sisters</i>	<i>Monasky</i>	<i>June Medical</i>	<i>Thuraissigiam</i>	<i>Liu</i>	<i>Allen</i>	<i>Romag</i>	<i>Open Society</i>	<i>Archdiocese</i>	
	6	<i>Vance</i>		<i>Booking.com</i>		<i>Guadalupe</i>		<i>Chiafalo</i>	<i>Rodriguez</i>	<i>Consultants</i>	<i>Thompson</i>	
	7	<i>Mazars</i>							<i>McGirt</i>		<i>Andrus</i>	
	9										<i>Lee</i>	
	10											
	11											
	12											
	13											
	14											
	15											
	16											
	Concurring Opinions	1	<i>June Medical</i>	<i>Garcia</i>	<i>Comcast</i>	<i>Allen</i>	<i>Holguin-Hernandez</i>	<i>GE Energy</i>	<i>IBM</i>	<i>IBM</i>	<i>N.Y. Rifle</i>	
2			<i>Ramos</i>		<i>Thuraissigiam</i>	<i>Romag</i>	<i>Babb</i>	<i>Glover</i>	<i>Espinoza</i>	<i>Shular</i>		
3			<i>Thole</i>			<i>Atlantic</i>	<i>Romag</i>	<i>Little Sisters</i>	<i>Consultants</i>	<i>Mau</i>		
4			<i>Aurelius</i>			<i>Monasky</i>	<i>Aurelius</i>			<i>Ramos</i>		
5			<i>Sineneng-Smith</i>			<i>Archdiocese</i>	<i>Ramos</i>			<i>Vance</i>		
6			<i>Hernandez</i>			<i>Espinoza</i>	<i>Rotkiske</i>					
7			<i>Allen</i>			<i>Little Sisters</i>	<i>Regents</i>					
8			<i>Monasky</i>				<i>Booking.com</i>					
9			<i>Thuraissigiam</i>				<i>Consultants</i>					
10			<i>Espinoza</i>									
11			<i>Seila Law</i>									
12			<i>Open Society</i>									
13			<i>Chiafalo</i>									
14			<i>Guadalupe</i>									
15												
Dissenting Opinions	1	<i>McGirt</i>	<i>Guerrero-Lasprilla</i>	<i>Rotkiske</i>	<i>Garcia</i>	<i>N.Y. Rifle</i>	<i>Glover</i>	<i>Seila Law</i>	<i>Atlantic</i>	<i>Bostock</i>	53	
	2		<i>CITGO</i>	<i>Hernandez</i>	<i>Kahler</i>	<i>Ramos</i>	<i>Barton</i>		<i>Thryv</i>	<i>Regents</i>		
	3		<i>Mau</i>	<i>McKinney</i>	<i>Booking.com</i>	<i>Bostock</i>	<i>Thole</i>		<i>June Medical</i>	<i>June Medical</i>		
	4		<i>Public.Resource</i>	<i>RNC</i>	<i>Open Society</i>	<i>Maine Community</i>	<i>Cowpasture</i>					
	5		<i>Babb</i>	<i>Public.Resource</i>	<i>Espinoza</i>	<i>Banister</i>	<i>Thuraissigiam</i>					
	6		<i>Nasrallah</i>	<i>Espinoza</i>	<i>Consultants</i>	<i>Andrus</i>	<i>Espinoza</i>					
			<i>Regents</i>	<i>Little Sisters</i>	<i>Lee</i>	<i>Mau</i>	<i>Guadalupe</i>					
	7		<i>Liu</i>			<i>Regents</i>	<i>Lee</i>					
	8		<i>June Medical</i>			<i>June Medical</i>						
	9		<i>McGirt</i>			<i>Vance</i>						
	10		<i>Vance</i>			<i>Mazars</i>						
	11		<i>Mazars</i>									
	12											
13												
Total		9	31	14	14	24	22	10	13	14	8	159

\*Plurality opinions are treated as majority opinions throughout the Stat Pack.

# Total Opinion Authorship

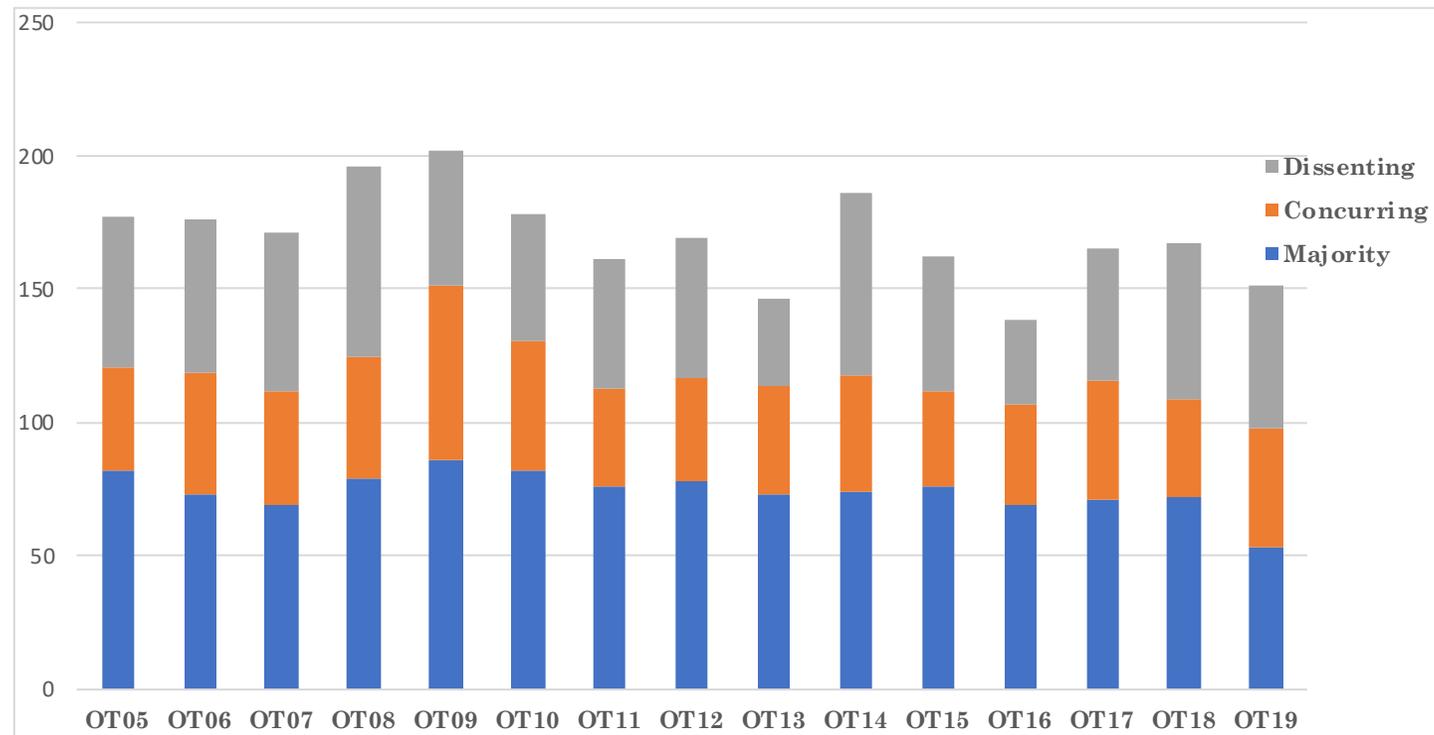
The number of opinions five pages or longer is included in parentheses and represented by the thicker bars in the chart below.

	Total Opinions	Majority Opinions	Concurring Opinions	Dissenting Opinions
<b>Roberts</b>	9 (9)	7 (7)	1 (1)	1 (1)
<b>Thomas</b>	31 (26)	5 (5)	14 (10)	12 (11)
<b>Ginsburg</b>	14 (11)	6 (6)	1 (0)	7 (6)
<b>Breyer</b>	14 (12)	5 (5)	2 (1)	7 (6)
<b>Alito</b>	24 (18)	6 (6)	7 (3)	11 (9)
<b>Sotomayor</b>	22 (16)	5 (5)	9 (3)	8 (7)
<b>Kagan</b>	10 (9)	6 (6)	3 (2)	1 (1)
<b>Gorsuch</b>	13 (12)	7 (7)	3 (2)	3 (3)
<b>Kavanaugh</b>	14 (10)	6 (6)	5 (2)	3 (2)
<b>Per Curiam</b>	8 (3)	8 (3)		
	<b>159 (126)</b>	<b>61 (56)</b>	<b>45 (24)</b>	<b>53 (46)</b>



# Total Opinions Over Time

Term	Majority Opinions	Concurring Opinions	Dissenting Opinions	Total Opinions	Summary Reversals
OT05	82	39	56	177	11
OT06	73	46	57	176	4
OT07	69	43	59	171	2
OT08	79	46	71	196	4
OT09	86	65	51	202	14
OT10	82	49	47	178	5
OT11	76	37	48	161	11
OT12	78	39	52	169	5
OT13	73	41	32	146	6
OT14	74	44	68	186	8
OT15	76	36	50	162	13
OT16	69	38	32	139	7
OT17	71	45	49	165	11
OT18	72	39	56	167	5
OT19	53	45	53	151	6
<b>Average (OT05-19)</b>	74	43	52	170	7



# Majority Opinion Authorship

## Majority Opinions Authored

	Total	9-0	8-1	7-2	6-3	5-4	Average Majority
Roberts	7	-	-	3	-	4	5.9
Thomas	5	1	2	2	-	-	7.8
Ginsburg	6	4	1	1	-	-	8.5
Breyer	5	2	-	1	1	1	7.2
Alito	6	1	1	2	-	2	6.8
Sotomayor	5	2	2	1	-	-	8.2
Kagan	6	4	-	1	1	-	8.2
Gorsuch	7	4	-	-	2	1	7.6
Kavanaugh	6	-	-	1	1	4	5.5
	53	18	6	12	5	12	6.3

Percentage of Majority Opinions Decided with Unanimous Judgment	
Ginsburg	67%
Breyer	40%
Thomas	20%
Sotomayor	40%
Kavanaugh	0%
Kagan	67%
Gorsuch	57%
Roberts	0%
Alito	17%

## Authorship as a Percentage of Similar Opinions

	9-0	8-1	7-2	6-3	5-4
Roberts	-	-	25%	-	33%
Thomas	6%	33%	17%	-	-
Ginsburg	22%	17%	8%	-	-
Breyer	11%	-	8%	20%	8%
Alito	6%	17%	17%	-	17%
Sotomayor	11%	33%	8%	-	-
Kagan	22%	-	8%	20%	-
Gorsuch	22%	-	-	40%	8%
Kavanaugh	-	-	8%	20%	33%

Average Days Between Argument and Opinion	
Alito	97.2
Kagan	126.3
Gorsuch	129.3
Roberts	128.4
Kavanaugh	99.0
Sotomayor	116.6
Breyer	139.8
Thomas	103.2
Ginsburg	72.7

# Majority Opinion Distribution

For each case decided with a merits opinion, the author of the majority opinion is selected by the most senior justice who votes with the majority. For example, in *Herrera v. Wyoming*, a 5-4 decision in which Justices Ginsburg, Breyer, Sotomayor, Kagan and Gorsuch voted in the majority, Justice Ginsburg (the most senior justice in the majority) assigned authorship duties to Justice Sotomayor (the author of the majority opinion). The tables below demonstrate how the five most senior justices on the court assigned majority opinions during OT19 when they had the chance. For unanimous cases we have showed only statistics for Chief Justice Roberts because he is always the most senior justice in a unanimous majority.

Unanimous Cases									
	Roberts	Thomas	Ginsburg	Breyer	Alito	Sotomayor	Kagan	Gorsuch	Kavanaugh
<b>Roberts (18)</b>	0	1	4	2	1	2	4	4	0

5-4 Cases									
	Roberts	Thomas	Ginsburg	Breyer	Alito	Sotomayor	Kagan	Gorsuch	Kavanaugh
<b>Roberts (11)</b>	4	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	4
<b>Thomas (0)</b>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Ginsburg (1)</b>			-	-	-	-	-	1	-
<b>Breyer (0)</b>				-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Alito (0)</b>					-	-	-	-	-

\*Although the court issued 22 unanimous and 14 5-4 opinions this term, four of the unanimous opinions (*IBM, Thompson, Davis* and *Archdiocese*) and two of the 5-4 opinions (*RNC, Lee*) were “per curiam” opinions, meaning they were unsigned and attributed to the court as a whole, minus any justices who explicitly noted disagreement.

# Frequency in the Majority

The following charts measure how frequently each justice has voted with the majority during October Term 2019. The charts include summary reversals but do not include cases that were dismissed.

All Cases										
Justice	Votes	Frequency in Majority		OT18	OT17	OT16	OT15	OT14	OT13	OT12
Roberts	61	59	97%	85%	93%	93%	92%	80%	92%	86%
Thomas	61	44	72%	75%	81%	82%	72%	61%	88%	79%
Ginsburg	61	45	75%	75%	73%	85%	88%	86%	85%	79%
Breyer	61	47	77%	76%	73%	90%	94%	92%	88%	83%
Alito	61	45	73%	82%	79%	86%	84%	72%	88%	79%
Sotomayor	61	44	72%	75%	68%	90%	83%	89%	82%	79%
Kagan	60	47	78%	82%	74%	93%	95%	85%	92%	81%
Gorsuch	61	54	89%	75%	85%	82%	-	-	-	-
Kavanaugh	60	56	93%	91%	-	-	-	-	-	-

Divided Cases										
Justice	Votes	Frequency in Majority		OT18	OT17	OT16	OT15	OT14	OT13	OT12
Roberts	39	37	95%	75%	89%	83%	84%	66%	76%	73%
Thomas	39	22	56%	59%	69%	57%	49%	34%	64%	60%
Ginsburg	39	23	59%	59%	56%	63%	78%	77%	56%	60%
Breyer	39	25	64%	61%	56%	77%	89%	86%	64%	67%
Alito	39	23	58%	70%	67%	67%	70%	52%	63%	59%
Sotomayor	39	22	56%	59%	49%	76%	68%	82%	46%	59%
Kagan	38	25	66%	70%	59%	83%	91%	75%	75%	63%
Gorsuch	39	32	82%	59%	75%	63%	-	-	-	-
Kavanaugh	39	35	90%	79%	-	-	-	-	-	-

# Strength of the Majority

Cases Affirmed by an Equally Divided Court	
Term	Total
OT05	0
OT06	0
OT07	2
OT08	0
OT09	0
OT10	2
OT11	0
OT12	0
OT13	0
OT14	0
OT15	4
OT16	0
OT17	1
OT18	0
OT19	0
Average (OT05-OT19)	.6

Argument Sitting	Decided	9-0	8-1	7-2	6-3	5-4	Average Majority
October	7	2	1	-	3	1	7.0
November	10	4	1	1	1	3	7.2
December	12	4	1	4	1	2	7.3
January	8	5	1	-	-	2	7.9
February	9	3	1	3	-	2	7.3
May	9	1	1	4	1	2	6.5
Summary Reversal	6	3	-	-	1	2	7.2

Number of Opinions Per Case
2.9
2.8
2.2
2.8
2.6
3.2
1.8

Term Recusals	
Justice	Total
Kavanaugh	1
Kagan	1
Sotomayor	1
Gorsuch	1

Solo Dissents		
Justice	Total (OT19)	Average* (OT05-OT18)
Breyer	1	.40
Thomas	2	2.1
Gorsuch	-	.67
Alito	1	.58
Sotomayor	1	.80
Kagan	-	0
Roberts	-	0
Kavanaugh	-	0
Ginsburg	1	.86

\* Averages consider only the terms during which a justice served on the court. Roberts, Kagan and Kavanaugh have never filed a lone dissenting vote.

# Merits Cases By Vote Split

9-0 22 (36%)	8-1 6 (10%)	7-2 12 (20%)	6-3 7 (11%)	5-4 14 (23%)	
<i>Nantkwest</i>	<i>Rotkiske</i>	<i>Guerrero-Lasprilla</i>	<i>Kahler</i>	<i>Hernandez</i>	Red
<i>Aurelius</i>	<i>Glover</i>	<i>Banister</i>	<i>Ramos</i>	<i>Barton</i>	Red
<i>Lucky</i>	<i>Maine Community</i>	<i>Thryv</i>	<i>Bostock</i>	<i>Thole</i>	Red
<i>Kelly</i>	<i>Babb</i>	<i>Atlantic</i>	<i>Maui</i>	<i>RNC (PC)</i>	Red
<i>Sineneng-Smith</i>	<i>Liu</i>	<i>Cowpasture</i>	<i>N.Y. Rifle (PC)</i>	<i>McKinney</i>	Red
<i>Romag</i>	<i>Booking.com</i>	<i>Nasrallah</i>	<i>Andrus (PC)</i>	<i>Garcia</i>	Red
<i>Ritzen</i>		<i>CITGO</i>	<i>Consultants</i>	<i>Public.Resource</i>	Yellow
<i>Lomax</i>		<i>Thuraissigiam</i>		<i>Regents</i>	Blue
<i>GE Energy</i>		<i>Guadalupe</i>		<i>Seila Law</i>	Red
<i>IBM (PC)</i>		<i>Little Sisters</i>		<i>June Medical</i>	Blue
<i>Monasky</i>		<i>Mazars</i>		<i>Espinoza</i>	Red
<i>Rodriguez</i>		<i>Vance</i>		<i>Open Society (5-3)</i>	Red
<i>Shular</i>				<i>McGirt</i>	Blue
<i>Chiafalo</i>				<i>Lee</i>	Red
<i>Holguin-Hernandez</i>					
<i>Intel</i>					
<i>Allen</i>					
<i>Comcast</i>					
<i>Opati (8-0)</i>					
<i>Thompson (PC)</i>					
<i>Davis (PC)</i>					
<i>Archdiocese (PC)</i>					

Past Terms					
	9-0	8-1	7-2	6-3	5-4
<b>OT10</b>	46%	12%	15%	5%	20%
<b>OT11</b>	45%	11%	8%	17%	20%
<b>OT12</b>	49%	5%	9%	8%	29%
<b>OT13</b>	66%	3%	10%	8%	14%
<b>OT14</b>	41%	7%	12%	15%	26%
<b>OT15</b>	48%	11%	20%	11%	5%
<b>OT16</b>	59%	9%	17%	4%	10%
<b>OT17</b>	39%	8%	15%	10%	26%
<b>OT18</b>	39%	7%	11%	15%	28%
<b>Avg.</b>	48%	8%	13%	10%	20%

\* We treat cases with eight or fewer votes as if they were decided by the full court. For 8-0, 7-1 and 6-2 decisions, we simply assume that the nonparticipating justice would have joined the majority. In cases that are decided 5-3, we look at each case individually to decide whether it was more likely that the nonparticipating justice would join the majority or the dissent. Our assumption that nine justices voted in each case applies only to figures that treat each case as a whole, like the chart above, and not to figures that focus on the behavior of individual justices, like our Justice Agreement charts.

\*\* For cases that are decided by a 5-4 vote, we provide information about whether the majority was made up of the most common conservative bloc (Roberts, Thomas, Alito, Gorsuch and Kavanaugh), the most liberal bloc (Ginsburg, Breyer, Sotomayor and Kagan) along with any of the more conservative justices, or a more uncommon alignment. A conservative lineup is marked with a red square, a liberal lineup is marked with a blue square and all others are marked with a yellow square.

\*\*\* For per curiam opinions, we assume that all justices who do not publicly dissent voted with the majority.

# Unanimity

To take a closer look at unanimity at the court, we created three distinct measures of unanimity. The measures of unanimity are defined as follows:

**Measure #1:** When all justices simply voted for the same judgment – i.e., whether to affirm or reverse the judgment below. This is the broadest measure of unanimity because it allows for justices to write separate opinions – and sometimes even conflicting ones – as long as each justice voted to affirm or reverse the decision below.

**Measure #2:** When all justices joined some part of the same majority opinion, but one or more justices (1) wrote separately to state an individual position or (2) did not join the majority opinion in full.

**Measure #3:** When all justices joined a single majority opinion in full, without any justices writing separate concurring opinions. This is the narrowest measure of unanimity because it requires that the justices agree in full and without any written reservations or additions.

	<b>Measure #3</b>	<i>All justices in total agreement</i>	9	15%
	<b>Measure #2</b>	<i>All justices join the majority opinion</i>	8	13%
	<b>Measure #1</b>	<i>All justices vote for the same judgment</i>	5	8%
<b>Divided</b>		<i>Justices disagree in judgment</i>	39	64%

\* Note that Measure #2 incorporates the cases captured in Measure #1, just as Measure #3 captures those cases included in Measures #1 and #2. For more information on our measures of unanimity, see Kedar S. Bhatia, A Few Notes On Unanimity, SCOTUSblog (July 10, 2014 10:40 AM), <<http://www.scotusblog.com/2014/07/a-few-notes-on-unanimity/>>.

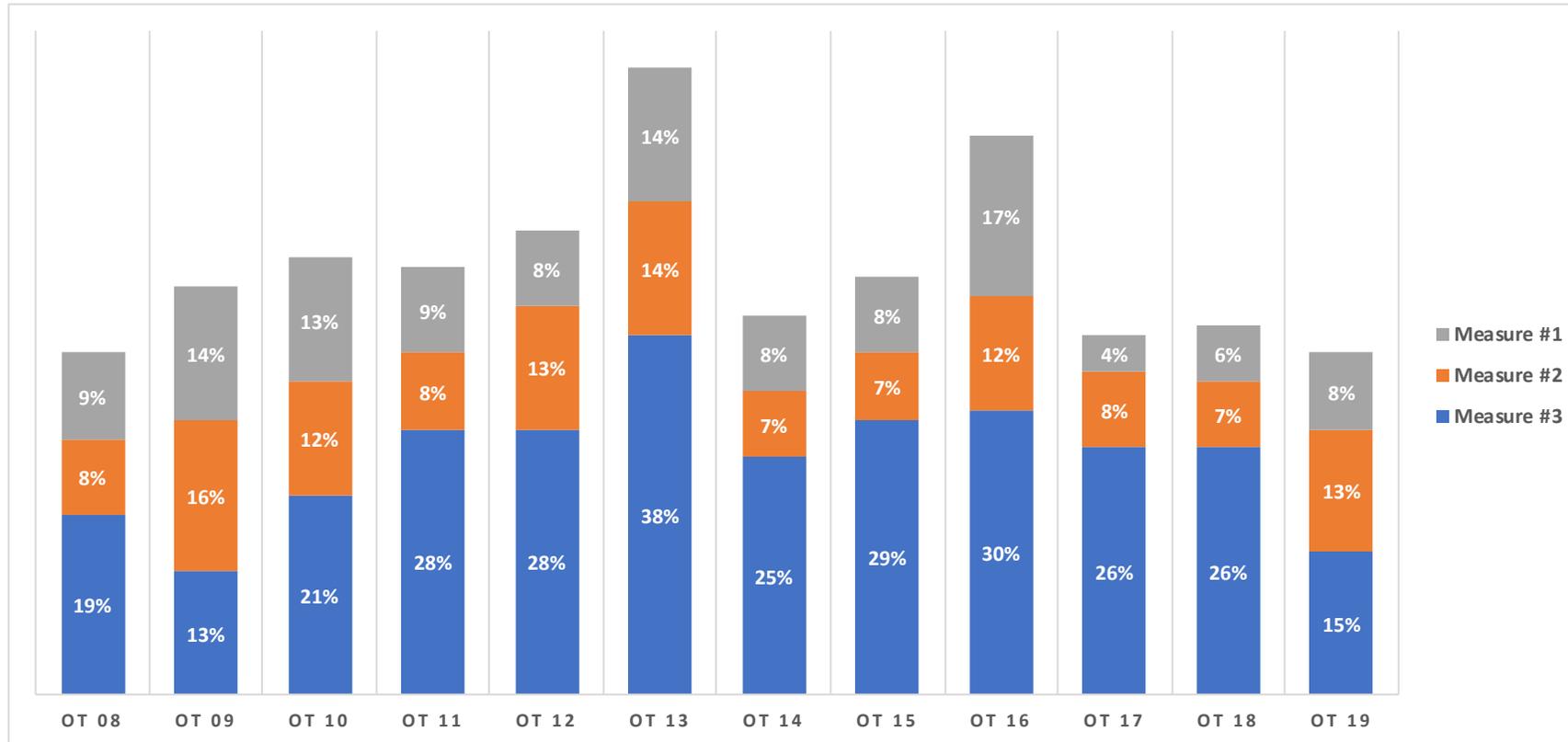
# Unanimity

To take a closer look at unanimity at the court, we created three distinct measures of unanimity. The measures of unanimity are defined as follows:

**Measure #1:** When all justices simply voted for the same judgment – i.e., whether to affirm or reverse the judgment below. This is the broadest measure of unanimity because it allows for justices to write separate opinions – and sometimes even conflicting ones – as long as each justice voted to affirm or reverse the decision below.

**Measure #2:** When all justices joined some part of the same majority opinion, but one or more justices (1) wrote separately to state an individual position or (2) did not join the majority opinion in full.

**Measure #3:** When all justices joined a single majority opinion in full, without any justices writing separate concurring opinions. This is the narrowest measure of unanimity because it requires that the justices agree in full and without any written reservations or additions.



# 5-4 Cases

Alignment of the Majority		
Majority		Cases
Roberts, Thomas, Alito, Gorsuch, Kavanaugh	10	<i>Hernandez, Barton, Thole, McKinney, Garcia, RNC, Espinoza, Selia Law, Open Society, Lee</i>
Roberts, Ginsburg, Breyer, Sotomayor, Kagan	2	<i>Regents, June Medical</i>
Ginsburg, Breyer, Sotomayor, Kagan, Gorsuch	1	<i>McGirt</i>
Roberts, Sotomayor, Kagan, Gorsuch, Kavanaugh	1	<i>Public.Resource</i>

Term	Number of 5-4 Opinions	Percentage of Total Opinions	Percentage of 5-4 Split Ideological *	Conservative Victory * (Percentage of Ideological)	Conservative Victory (Percentage of All 5-4)	Number of Different Alignments
OT05	11	12%	73%	53%	45%	7
OT06	24	33%	79%	68%	54%	6
OT07	12	17%	67%	50%	33%	6
OT08	23	29%	70%	69%	48%	7
OT09	16	19%	69%	73%	50%	7
OT10	16	20%	88%	71%	63%	4
OT11	15	20%	67%	50%	33%	7
OT12	23	29%	70%	63%	43%	7
OT13	10	14%	60%	67%	40%	7
OT14	19	26%	68%	38%	26%	7
OT15	4	5%	100%	25%	25%	2
OT16	7	10%	86%	33%	29%	3
OT17	19	26%	74%	100%	74%	5
OT18	20	28%	80%	50%	40%	10
OT19	14	21%	92%	77%	71%	4
<b>Average</b>	15	21%	76%	59%	45%	6

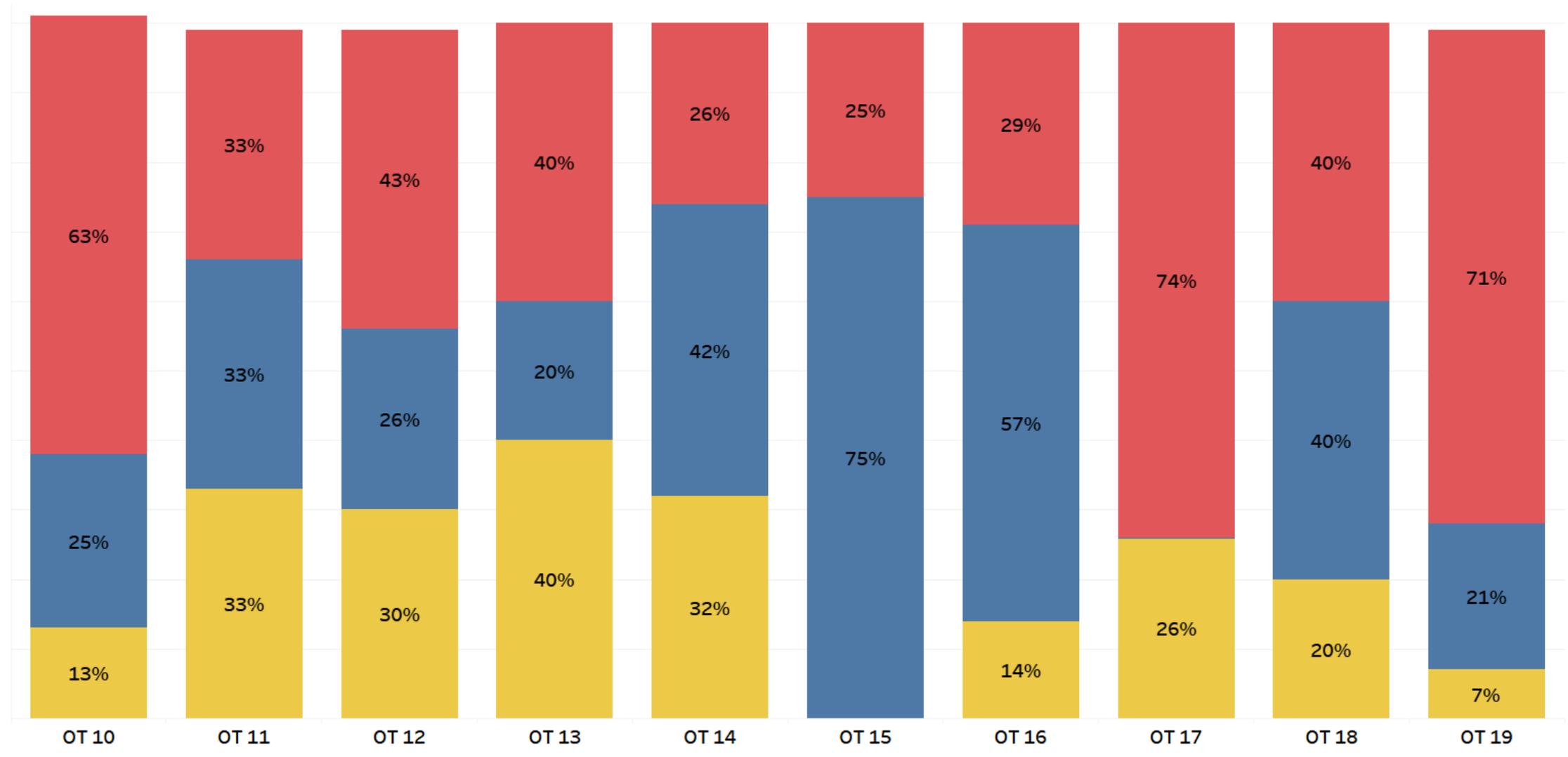
\* For the purposes of this chart, a “Conservative Victory” occurs whenever the majority consists of Chief Justice Roberts and Justices Thomas, Alito, Gorsuch and Kavanaugh. A “Liberal Victory” occurs whenever the majority consists of Justices Ginsburg, Breyer, Sotomayor, Kagan and one conservative. An ideological split occurs with either of these two types of victories.

# 5-4 Cases

Membership in a 5-4 Majority											
Justice	Cases Decided	Frequency in Majority	OT18	OT17	OT16	OT15	OT14	OT13	OT12	OT11	
Roberts	14	13	93%	55%	89%	29%	25%	53%	70%	61%	67%
Thomas	14	10	71%	65%	79%	43%	25%	37%	50%	65%	67%
Ginsburg	14	3	21%	50%	26%	71%	75%	63%	40%	43%	33%
Breyer	14	3	21%	50%	21%	71%	75%	74%	50%	48%	47%
Alito	14	10	71%	60%	79%	29%	25%	47%	60%	57%	60%
Sotomayor	14	4	29%	45%	21%	71%	75%	68%	30%	39%	47%
Kagan	13	4	31%	45%	17%	71%	50%	53%	50%	43%	40%
Gorsuch	14	12	86%	70%	84%	67%	-	-	-	-	-
Kavanaugh	14	11	79%	67%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

5-4 Majority Opinion Authorship												
Justice	Cases Decided	Frequency in the Majority	Opinions Authored	Frequency as Author	OT18	OT17	OT16	OT15	OT14	OT13	OT12	OT11
Roberts	14	12	4	29%	20%	12%	0%	0%	20%	14%	14%	10%
Thomas	14	9	0	0%	20%	20%	33%	0%	0%	20%	13%	0%
Ginsburg	14	3	0	0%	5%	20%	20%	0%	25%	0%	10%	0%
Breyer	14	3	1	7%	5%	25%	20%	33%	21%	0%	18%	43%
Alito	14	9	2	14%	10%	27%	0%	100%	33%	33%	46%	33%
Sotomayor	14	4	0	0%	5%	0%	0%	0%	15%	0%	22%	29%
Kagan	13	4	0	0%	10%	33%	20%	0%	10%	60%	10%	17%
Gorsuch	14	11	1	7%	15%	31%	0%	-	-	-	-	-
Kavanaugh	14	10	4	29%	11%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

# 5-4 Cases



\*For OT10 through OT17, a victorious conservative majority (in red) includes Kennedy, Roberts, Scalia/Gorsuch, Thomas and Alito. A victorious liberal majority (in blue) includes Kennedy, Ginsburg, Breyer, Sotomayor and Kagan. Different majorities are marked in yellow.  
 \*\*For OT18 and OT19, a victorious conservative majority (in red) includes Roberts, Thomas, Alito, Gorsuch and Kavanaugh. A victorious liberal majority (in blue) includes Ginsburg, Breyer, Sotomayor, Kagan and one other justice. Different majorities are marked in yellow.

# Justice Agreement

	Thomas		Ginsburg		Breyer		Alito		Sotomayor		Kagan		Gorsuch		Kavanaugh		Total
Roberts	25	41%	35	57%	40	66%	39	64%	33	54%	41	68%	39	64%	53	88%	61
	42	69%	40	66%	41	67%	47	77%	38	62%	45	75%	50	82%	55	92%	
	44	72%	43	70%	45	74%	47	77%	42	69%	47	78%	52	85%	56	93%	
	17	28%	18	30%	16	26%	14	23%	19	31%	13	22%	9	15%	4	7%	
Thomas	14	23%	17	28%	30	49%	13	21%	16	27%	32	52%	23	38%	61		
	24	39%	26	43%	52	85%	22	36%	27	45%	47	77%	43	72%			
	30	49%	32	52%	56	92%	27	44%	30	50%	49	80%	47	78%			
Ginsburg	31	51%	29	48%	5	8%	34	56%	30	50%	12	20%	13	22%	61		
	49	80%	17	28%	43	70%	46	77%	27	44%	29	48%	61				
	56	92%	28	46%	50	82%	51	85%	35	57%	37	62%					
Breyer	57	93%	31	51%	54	89%	52	87%	38	62%	40	67%	61				
	4	7%	30	49%	7	11%	8	13%	23	38%	20	33%					
	24	39%	42	69%	49	82%	30	49%	34	57%	61						
30	49%	47	77%	52	87%	36	59%	38	63%								
33	54%	52	85%	54	90%	40	66%	42	70%								
Alito	28	46%	9	15%	6	10%	21	34%	18	30%	61						
	17	28%	24	40%	33	54%	36	60%									
	25	41%	32	53%	47	77%	48	80%									
	28	46%	33	55%	48	79%	48	80%									
Sotomayor	33	54%	27	45%	13	21%	12	20%	61								
	44	73%	25	41%	28	47%											
	50	83%	35	57%	35	58%											
Kagan	53	88%	39	64%	39	65%	61										
	7	12%	22	36%	21	35%											
	31	52%	35	59%	60												
38	63%	40	68%														
40	67%	42	71%														
Gorsuch	20	33%	18	29%	61												
	37	62%															
	51	85%															
Kavanaugh	53	88%	60														
	7	12%															

**Key**

Fully Agree

Agree in Full or Part

Agree in Full, Part, or Judgment Only

Disagree in Judgment

# Justice Agreement – Divided Cases

	Thomas	Ginsburg	Breyer	Alito	Sotomayor	Kagan	Gorsuch	Kavanaugh	Total
Roberts	10 26%	16 41%	20 51%	21 54%	14 36%	21 55%	20 51%	33 85%	39
	22 56%	19 49%	20 51%	25 64%	18 46%	23 61%	28 72%	34 87%	
	22 56%	21 54%	23 59%	25 64%	20 51%	25 66%	30 77%	35 90%	
	17 44%	18 46%	16 41%	14 36%	19 49%	13 34%	9 23%	4 10%	
Thomas	1 3%	3 8%	16 41%	0 0%	3 8%	19 49%	10 26%	39	
	5 13%	7 18%	32 82%	3 8%	7 18%	26 67%	24 62%		
	8 21%	10 26%	34 87%	5 13%	8 21%	27 69%	26 67%		
	31 79%	29 74%	5 13%	34 87%	30 79%	12 31%	13 33%		
Ginsburg	30 77%	2 5%	27 69%	27 71%	10 26%	12 31%	39		
	34 87%	7 18%	31 79%	30 79%	14 36%	17 44%			
	35 90%	9 23%	32 82%	30 79%	16 41%	19 49%			
	4 10%	30 77%	7 18%	8 21%	23 59%	20 51%			
Breyer	6 15%	24 62%	29 76%	13 33%	16 41%	39			
	9 23%	28 72%	31 82%	15 38%	18 46%				
	11 28%	30 77%	32 84%	18 46%	21 54%				
	28 72%	9 23%	6 16%	21 54%	18 46%				
Alito	1 3%	6 16%	16 41%	20 51%	39				
	5 13%	10 26%	25 64%	27 69%					
	6 15%	11 29%	26 67%	27 69%					
	33 85%	27 71%	13 33%	12 31%					
Sotomayor	26 68%	9 23%	11 28%	39					
	30 79%	15 38%	16 41%						
	31 82%	17 44%	18 46%						
	7 18%	22 56%	21 54%						
Kagan	13 34%	17 45%	38						
	16 42%	19 50%							
	18 47%	21 55%							
	20 53%	17 45%							
Gorsuch	20 51%	39							
	30 77%								
	32 82%								
	7 18%								
Kavanaugh	39								

Key
Fully Agree
Agree in Full or Part
Agree in Full, Part, or Judgment Only
Disagree in Judgment

# Justice Agreement – 5-4 Cases

	Thomas	Ginsburg	Breyer	Alito	Sotomayor	Kagan	Gorsuch	Kavanaugh	Total
Roberts	4 29%	1 7%	1 7%	10 71%	1 7%	2 15%	6 43%	12 86%	14
	11 79%	1 7%	1 7%	11 79%	2 14%	2 15%	11 79%	12 86%	
	11 79%	2 14%	2 14%	11 79%	3 21%	3 23%	11 79%	12 86%	
	3 21%	12 86%	12 86%	3 21%	11 79%	10 77%	3 21%	2 14%	
Thomas	0 0%	0 0%	0 0%	5 36%	0 0%	0 0%	9 64%	4 29%	14
	0 0%	1 7%	1 7%	14 100%	0 0%	0 0%	12 86%	12 86%	
	1 7%	1 7%	1 7%	14 100%	0 0%	0 0%	12 86%	13 93%	
	13 93%	13 93%	13 93%	0 0%	14 100%	13 100%	2 14%	1 7%	
Ginsburg	12 86%	0 0%	0 0%	10 71%	10 77%	1 7%	0 0%	14	
	13 93%	0 0%	0 0%	12 86%	12 92%	1 7%	0 0%		
	14 100%	1 7%	1 7%	13 93%	12 92%	1 7%	0 0%		
	0 0%	13 93%	1 7%	1 8%	13 93%	14 100%			
Breyer	0 0%	10 71%	10 77%	1 7%	0 0%	14			
	1 7%	11 79%	11 85%	1 7%	0 0%				
	1 7%	13 93%	12 92%	1 7%	0 0%				
	13 93%	1 7%	1 8%	13 93%	14 100%				
Alito	0 0%	10 71%	10 77%	5 36%	10 71%	14			
	0 0%	12 86%	12 92%	12 86%	13 93%				
	0 0%	12 86%	12 92%	13 93%	13 93%				
	14 100%	13 100%	2 14%	1 7%					
Sotomayor	11 85%	2 14%	1 7%	14					
	12 92%	2 14%	1 7%						
	13 100%	2 14%	1 7%						
	0 0%	12 86%	13 93%						
Kagan	2 15%	1 8%	13						
	2 15%	1 8%							
	2 15%	1 8%							
	11 85%	12 92%							
Gorsuch	6 43%	14							
	12 86%								
	13 93%								
Kavanaugh	1 7%	14							

Key
Fully Agree
Agree in Full or Part
Agree in Full, Part, or Judgment Only
Disagree in Judgment

# Justice Agreement – Highs and Lows

	Highest Agreement			Lowest Agreement		
All Cases	1	Roberts - Kavanaugh	93%	1	Sotomayor - Thomas	44%
	2	Ginsburg - Breyer	93%	2	Alito - Sotomayor	46%
	3	Alito - Thomas	92%	3	Thomas - Ginsburg	49%
	4	Breyer - Kagan	90%	4	Thomas - Kagan	50%
	5	Ginsburg - Sotomayor	89%	5	Ginsburg - Alito	51%
	6	Gorsuch - Kavanaugh	88%	6	Breyer - Thomas	52%
	7	Sotomayor - Kagan	88%	7	Breyer - Alito	54%
	8	Ginsburg - Kagan	87%	8	Alito - Kagan	55%
	9	Gorsuch - Roberts	85%	9	Ginsburg - Gorsuch	62%
	10	Breyer - Sotomayor	85%	10	Sotomayor - Gorsuch	64%

Divided Cases	1	Roberts - Kavanaugh	90%	1	Sotomayor - Thomas	13%
	2	Ginsburg - Breyer	90%	2	Alito - Sotomayor	16%
	3	Alito - Thomas	87%	3	Thomas - Ginsburg	21%
	4	Breyer - Kagan	84%	4	Thomas - Kagan	21%
	5	Ginsburg - Sotomayor	82%	5	Ginsburg - Alito	23%
	6	Gorsuch - Kavanaugh	82%	6	Breyer - Thomas	26%
	7	Sotomayor - Kagan	82%	7	Breyer - Alito	28%
	8	Ginsburg - Kagan	79%	8	Alito - Kagan	29%
	9	Gorsuch - Roberts	77%	9	Ginsburg - Gorsuch	41%
	10	Breyer - Sotomayor	77%	10	Sotomayor - Gorsuch	44%

5-4 Cases	1	Thomas - Alito	100%	1	Thomas - Sotomayor	0%
	2	Ginsburg - Breyer	100%	2	Thomas - Kagan	0%
	3	Sotomayor - Kagan	100%	3	Ginsburg - Kavanaugh	0%
	4	Thomas - Alito	93%	4	Breyer - Kavanaugh	0%
	5	Gorsuch - Kavanaugh	93%	5	Alito - Sotomayor	0%
	6	Alito - Kavanaugh	93%	6	Alito - Kagan	0%
	7	Breyer - Sotomayor	93%	7	Kagan - Kavanaugh	7%
	8	Ginsburg - Sotomayor	93%	8	Sotomayor - Kavanaugh	7%
	9	Ginsburg - Kagan	92%	9	Breyer - Gorsuch	7%
	10	Breyer - Kagan	92%	10	Ginsburg - Alito	7%

# Oral Argument - Justices

For our purposes, the number of “questions” per argument is simply the number of times a given justice’s name appears in the argument transcript in capital letters. To account for the chief justice’s administrative comments – such as his call for an advocate to begin – his tally for each case has been uniformly reduced by three “questions.”

Average Number of Questions Per Argument	
Justice	Average
Kavanaugh	16.7
Sotomayor	21.2
Breyer	19.7
Alito	13.8
Ginsburg	9.4
Gorsuch	14.2
Roberts	12.6
Kagan	15.4
Thomas	0

Frequency as the Top Questioner or as a Top 3 Questioner		
Justice	Freq. Top 1	Freq. Top 3
Kavanaugh	24%	50%
Sotomayor	15%	70%
Breyer	26%	57%
Alito	6%	30%
Ginsburg	2%	11%
Gorsuch	19%	38%
Roberts	2%	19%
Kagan	11%	43%
Thomas	-	-

Cases With Most Total Justice Questions	
Case	Questions
<i>Glover</i>	217
<i>Regents</i>	195
<i>Comcast</i>	183
<i>Aurelius</i>	176
<i>Russo</i>	154
<i>Thole</i>	153
<i>Bostock</i>	153
<i>Espinoza</i>	147
<i>Cowpasture</i>	145

Most Active Arguments		
Justice	Argument	Number of Questions (% of all questions)
Kavanaugh	<i>Thole</i>	48 (31%)
Sotomayor	<i>Atlantic Richfield</i>	50 (40%)
Breyer	<i>Romag</i>	50 (40%)
Alito	<i>Kahler</i>	34 (27%)
Ginsburg	<i>Bostock</i>	36 (24%)
Gorsuch	<i>Glover</i>	43 (20%)
Roberts	<i>Glover</i>	39 (18%)
Kagan	<i>Kelly</i>	30 (23%)
Thomas	-	-

Frequency as the First Questioner		
Justice	Frequency	
Ginsburg	21/47	45%
Roberts	8/47	17%
Sotomayor	7/47	15%
Alito	6/47	13%
Kavanaugh	4/46	9%
Gorsuch	1/47	2%
Breyer	0/47	
Kagan	0/47	
Thomas	0/47	

\*The figures on this page omit the telephonic arguments conducted in May 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

# Oral Argument - Advocates

Overview								
	OT12	OT13	OT14	OT15	OT16	OT17	OT18	OT19
<b>Number of Different Advocates</b>	120	121	112	117	100	113	122	103
<b>Number of Total Appearances</b>	193	185	178	186	158	163	178	155

Most Popular Advocate Origins	
State	Total
Washington, D.C.	103
California	8
New York	7
Texas	5
Virginia	5

Appearances by Advocates Who...	OT12	OT13	OT14	OT15	OT16	OT17	OT18	OT19
...Are from the Office of the Solicitor General	64 (33%)	61 (33%)	56 (31%)	59 (32%)	48 (30%)	48 (29%)	50 (28%)	42 (27%)
...Have experience in the Office of the Solicitor General	Not Available	85 (47%)	78 (46%)	84 (71%)	73 (48%)	71 (65%)	86 (48%)	80 (52%)
...Have argued at least twice during the Term	104 (54%)	96 (52%)	104 (58%)	109 (59%)	94 (59%)	77 (47%)	87 (49%)	82 (53%)
...Are “expert” Supreme Court litigators*	137 (71%)	131 (71%)	116 (66%)	136 (74%)	115 (74%)	89 (56%)	123 (69%)	114 (74%)
...Are based in Washington, D.C.**	125 (65%)	119 (64%)	101 (57%)	122 (66%)	97 (61%)	97 (60%)	109 (61%)	103 (66%)
...Are female	33 (17%)	28 (15%)	34 (19%)	32 (18%)	33 (21%)	19 (12%)	30 (17%)	20 (13%)
...Are female and not from the Office of the Solicitor General***	17 (13%)	11 (9%)	17 (14%)	13 (10%)	15 (14%)	10 (9%)	21 (12%)	13 (8%)

Most Popular Supreme Court Clerkships		
Clerkship	Appearances	Advocates
Scalia	25	10
Roberts	17	8
Ginsburg	7	6
Breyer	7	4
Kagan	6	4
Souter	5	4

Most Popular Law Schools		
Law School	Appearances	Advocates
Harvard	41	33
Yale	32	20
Chicago	12	2
Stanford	10	6
Virginia	9	6

\* We adopt Richard Lazarus’ definition of an “expert” Supreme Court litigator: one who has argued five or more times before the Supreme Court or works in an office where lawyers have collectively argued more than 10 times. See Richard J. Lazarus, “Advocacy Matters Before and Within the Supreme Court: Transforming the Court by Transforming the Bar,” 97 Geo. L.J. 1487, 1490 n.17 (2008).

\*\* An advocate’s “origin” is simply the state of origin listed for that lawyer on the court’s monthly hearing lists. If attorneys from the Office of the Solicitor General are omitted, lawyers based in Washington, D.C., appeared 59 times during OT18.

\*\*\* The percentage figures for this category omit all advocates from the Office of the Solicitor General. They demonstrate the percentage of female advocates from positions other than those within the Office of the Solicitor General as a percentage of all men or women arguing from positions other than those within the Office of the Solicitor General.

# Oral Argument - Advocates

## Advocates Who Have Argued Two or More Cases During OT19

Name	Appearances		Position	Law School	Supreme Court Clerkship	U.S. Solicitor General Experience	Gender
	OT19	All Time					
Noel Francisco	7	19	Solicitor General	Chicago	Antonin Scalia	Yes	Male
Paul Clement	6	102	Kirkland & Ellis	Harvard	Antonin Scalia	Yes	Male
Jeffrey Wall	5	26	Principal Deputy Solicitor General	Chicago	Clarence Thomas	Yes	Male
Malcolm Stewart	4	87	Deputy Solicitor General	Yale	Harry Blackmun	Yes	Male
Lisa Blatt	3	40	Williams & Connolly	Texas	None	Yes	Female
Jonathan Ellis	3	6	Assistant to the Solicitor General	Pennsylvania	John Roberts	Yes	Male
Eric Feigin	3	24	Assistant to the Solicitor General	Stanford	Stephen Breyer	Yes	Male
Paul Hughes	3	8	McDermott Will & Emery	Yale	None	None	Male
Edwin Kneedler	3	145	Deputy Solicitor General	Virginia	None	Yes	Male
Christopher Michel	3	6	Assistant to the Solicitor General	Yale	John G. Roberts	Yes	Male
Morgan Ratner	3	6	Assistant to the Solicitor General	Harvard	John G. Roberts	Yes	Female
Erica Ross	3	6	Assistant to the Solicitor General	Stanford	Elena Kagan	Yes	Female
Jonathan Bond	2	6	Assistant to the Solicitor General	George Washington	Antonin Scalia	Yes	Male
Brian Burgess	2	2	Goodwin Procter	NYU	Sonia Sotomayor	Yes	Male
Toby Crouse	2	2	Kansas Solicitor General	Kansas	None	None	Male
Shay Dvoretzky	2	12	Jones Day	Yale	Antonin Scalia	None	Male
Jeffrey Fisher	2	40	Stanford Supreme Court Clinic	Michigan	John Paul Stevens	None	Male
Matthew Guarnieri	2	3	Assistant to the Solicitor General	Columbia	None	Yes	Male
Michael Huston	2	5	Assistant to the Solicitor General	Michigan	John G. Roberts	Yes	Male
Sopan Joshi	2	3	Assistant to the Solicitor General	Northwestern	Antonin Scalia, Samuel Alito	Yes	Male
Neal Katyal	2	41	Hogan Lovells	Yale	Stephen Breyer	Yes	Male
Douglas Letter	2	3	U.S. House of Representatives	Berkeley	None	None	Male
Frederick Liu	2	6	Assistant to the Solicitor General	Yale	John G. Roberts	Yes	Male
Roman Martinez	2	9	Latham & Watkins	Yale	John G. Roberts	Yes	Male
Elizabeth Murrill	2	3	Louisiana Solicitor General	Louisiana State	None	None	Female
Theodore Olson	2	64	Gibson Dunn	Berkeley	None	Yes	Male
Joseph Palmore	2	12	Morrison & Foerster	Virginia	Ruth Bader Ginsburg	Yes	Male
Adam Unikowsky	2	9	Jenner & Block	Harvard	Antonin Scalia	None	Male
Donald B. Verrilli, Jr.	2	52	Munger, Tolles & Olson	Columbia	William Brennan	Yes	Male
Anthony Yang	2	31	Assistant to the Solicitor General	Yale	None	Yes	Male

# Oral Argument – May 2020 Sitting

The court heard argument in 10 cases remotely via telephone in May 2020 after the building’s closure due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The data for Roberts has been adjusted to remove the time he spent timekeeping during the arguments. Sotomayor and Kagan were each recused from one of the 10 cases, so their averages are only for the nine cases in which they participated.

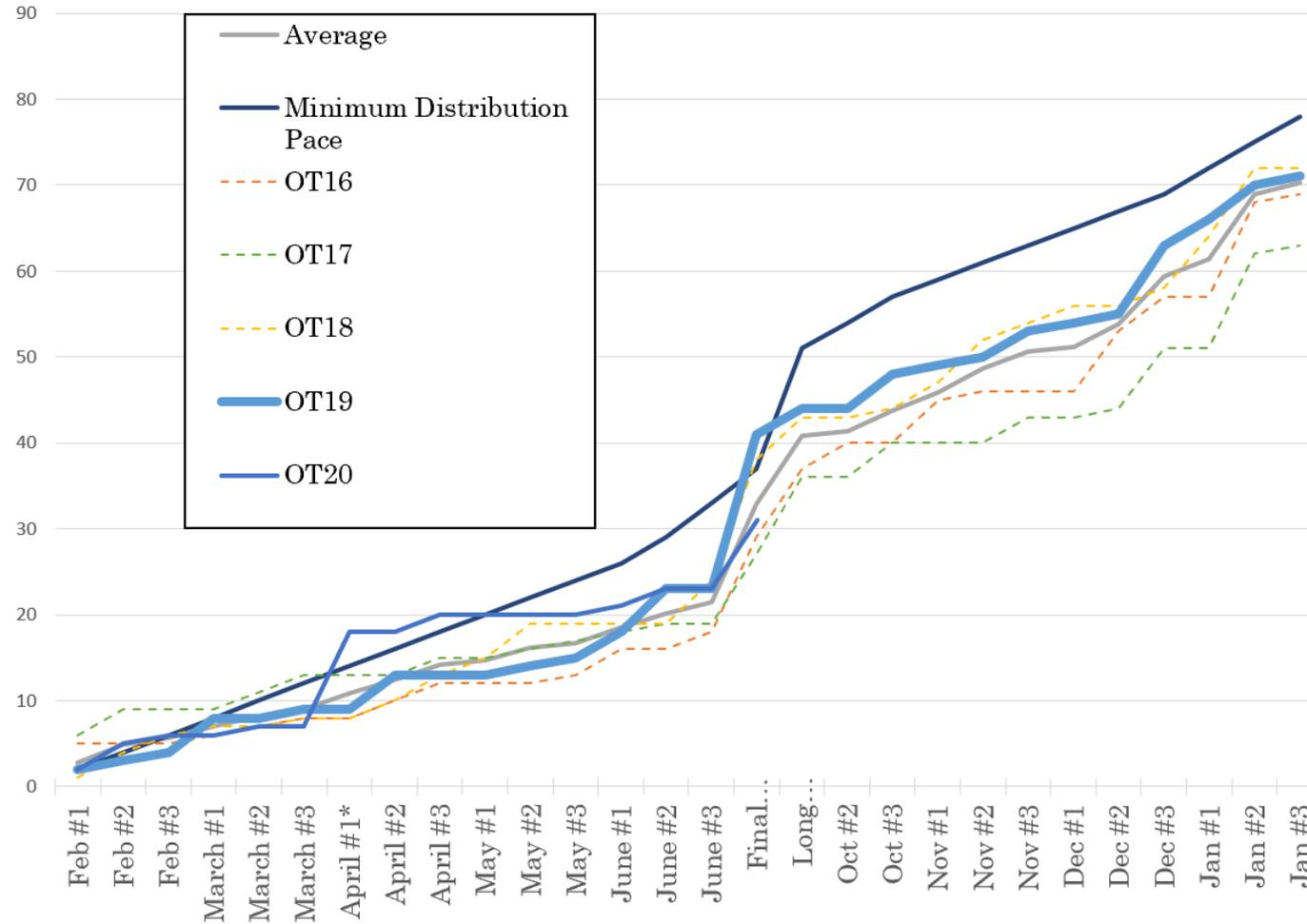
Justice	Average Time Per Turn (seconds)	Average Words Per Turn
Sotomayor	280	568
Alito	232	530
Breyer	224	548
Kagan	223	582
Gorsuch	219	569
Kavanaugh	208	520
Ginsburg	185	330
Roberts	176	427
Thomas	125	279

Case	Total Argument Time (seconds)
<i>Vance</i>	6080
<i>Little Sisters</i>	5955
<i>Guadalupe</i>	5912
<i>Mazars</i>	5787
<i>McGirt</i>	5503
<i>Chiafalo</i>	4465
<i>Barr</i>	4375
<i>Booking.com</i>	4347
<i>Open Society</i>	4129
<i>Baca</i>	3666

Case	Attorney	Words	Time (seconds)
<i>Booking.com</i>	Blatt	3888	1436
<i>Booking.com</i>	Ross	4581	1521
<i>Open Society</i>	Bowker	2871	1289
<i>Open Society</i>	Michel	3661	1325
<i>Little Sisters</i>	Francisco	2024	847
<i>Little Sisters</i>	Clement	2640	995
<i>Little Sisters</i>	Fischer	4368	1659
<i>Barr</i>	Martinez	3539	1216
<i>Barr</i>	Stewart	3696	1434
<i>McGirt</i>	Gershengorn	2588	971
<i>McGirt</i>	Kanji	1910	707
<i>McGirt</i>	Kneedler	1948	851
<i>McGirt</i>	Mansinghani	2262	810
<i>Guadalupe</i>	Fisher	5787	1953
<i>Guadalupe</i>	Rassbach	2377	910
<i>Guadalupe</i>	Ratner	2052	931
<i>Mazars</i>	Letter	3444	1435
<i>Mazars</i>	Strawbridge	2762	1157
<i>Mazars</i>	Wall	1902	771
<i>Vance</i>	Francisco	2414	882
<i>Vance</i>	Dunne	5587	1979
<i>Vance</i>	Sekulow	2479	914
<i>Chiafalo</i>	Lessig	3726	1383
<i>Chiafalo</i>	Purcell	4572	1447
<i>Baca</i>	Harrow	2715	999
<i>Baca</i>	Weiser	2708	1067

# Pace of Grants

The following chart plots the pace at which the court fills its merits docket for a given term. Each date marker represents the conference within a given sitting. For instance, Feb #1 is the first February conference, which, during OT19, took place on February 21, 2020. Categorizing grants by their conference within a given sitting ensures more accurate cross-term comparisons.



The Minimum Distribution Pace presented in this chart reflects the number of petitions that must be granted to fill the court's docket for oral argument while giving the litigants in each case a complete or near-complete briefing schedule. The pace also reflects the number of petitions raised at each conference and other factors affecting the certiorari process.

\*The jump in OT20 grants in the April #1 conference signifies the court's decision on April 13, 2020, to reschedule 10 cases from OT19 to OT20 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

# Pace of Grants – Per Conference

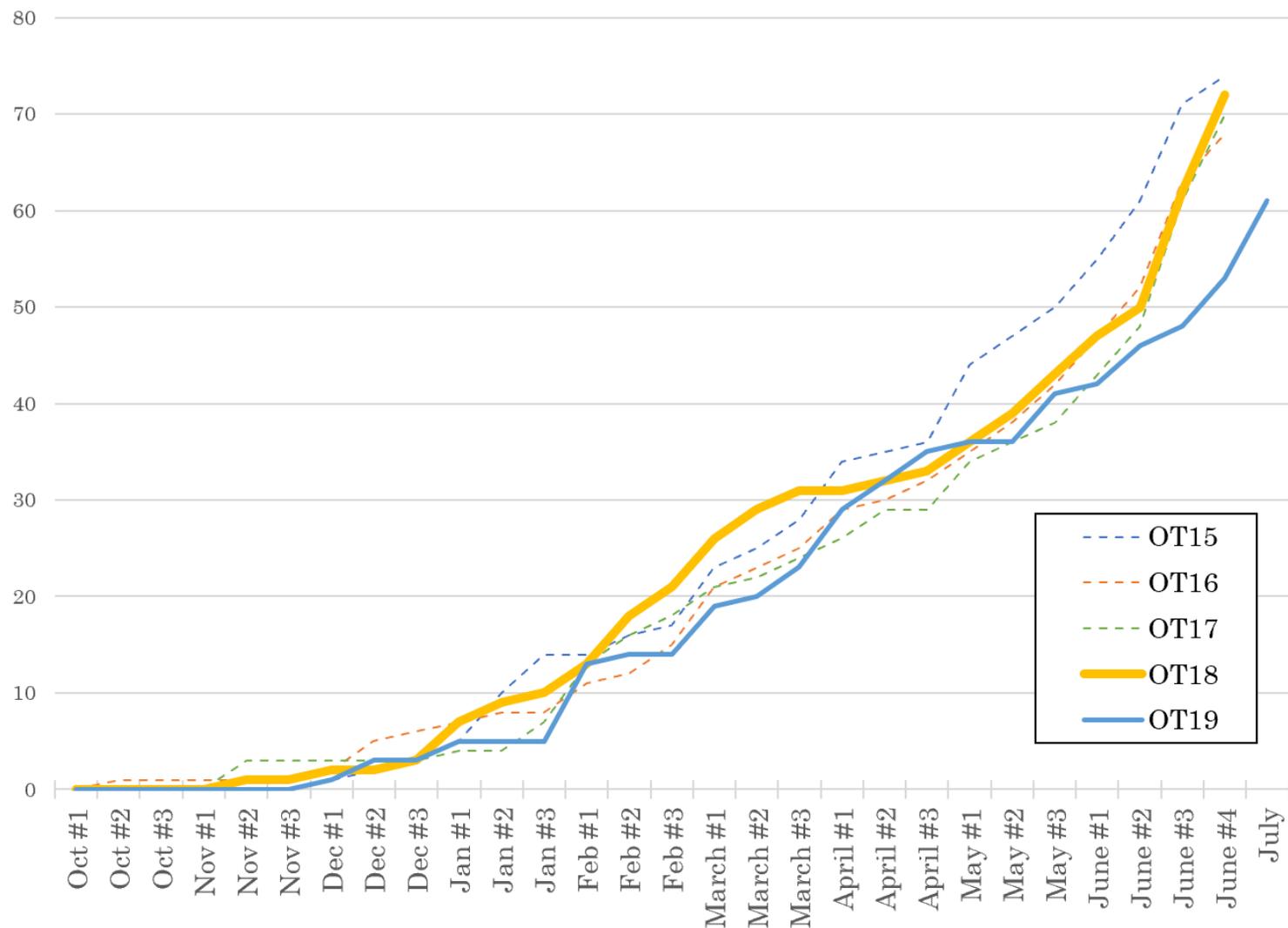
	October Term															Average		Range (OT06-OT19)	Calendar Weeks Covered	Grants Per Weeks Covered (OT06-OT19)
	'06	'07	'08	'09	'10	'11	'12	'13	'14	'15	'16	'17	'18	'19	'20	(OT 06-OT19)	(OT06-OT19)			
Feb #1	4	2	8	9	3	7	6	4	0	1	5	6	1	2	2	4.1	6.7	0-9	4	1.0
Feb #2	0	3	3	1	1	0	0	2	5	2	0	3	3	1	3	1.7		0-5	1	1.7
Feb #3	1	0	0	1	3	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	2	1	1	0.9		0-3	1	0.9
Mar #1	0	0	8	0	4	2	2	3	1	2	1	0	1	4	0	2.0	4.3	0-8	2	1.0
Mar #2	1	2	2	1	0	1	1	2	1	3	1	2	0	0	1	1.2		0-3	1	1.2
Mar #3	1	0	2	1	0	2	2	1	1	0	1	2	1	1	0	1.1		0-2	1	1.1
April #1	3	0	2	3	4	1	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	11*	1.4	4.3	0-4	2	0.7
April #2	0	1	2	3	2	0	0	1	2	2	2	0	2	4	0	1.5		0-4	1	1.5
April #3	1	1	0	4	0	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	3	0	2	1.4		0-4	1	1.4
May #1	4	0	1	4	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	1.1	4.1	0-4	2	0.6
May #2	0	3	0	1	5	1	1	5	1	3	0	1	4	1	0	1.9		0-5	1	1.9
May #3	1	4	0	1	1	1	1	2	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1.1		0-4	1	1.1
June #1	4	1	0	2	0	2	1	2	0	3	3	1	0	3	1	1.6	16.2	0-4	1	1.6
June #2	1	3	3	4	4	4	2	1	2	2	0	1	0	5	2	2.3		0-5	1	2.3
June #3	2	1	3	3	3	4	1	4	3	1	2	0	5	0	0	2.3		0-5	1	2.3
June #4	5	5	9	7	7	13	10	12	13	9	11	8	14	18	8**	10.1		5-18	1	10.1
Oct #1	9	17	10	11	13	7	9	8	12	13	8	9	5	3		9.6	13.7	3-17	13	0.7
Oct #2	2	0	1	5	7	2	7	2	0	0	3	0	0	0		2.1		0-7	2	1.0
Oct #3	1	2	1	2	1	4	1	2	3	3	0	4	1	4		2.1		0-4	1	2.1
Nov #1	4	2	2	3	5	1	4	1	0	1	5	0	3	1		2.3	6.4	0-5	2	1.2
Nov #2	2	1	1	0	0	5	1	0	4	7	1	0	5	1		2.0		0-7	1	2.0
Nov #3	0	1	5	1	2	3	4	2	2	2	0	3	2	3		2.1		0-5	1	2.1
Dec #1	0	3	2	3	3	4	3	4	2	0	0	0	2	1		1.9	8.6	0-4	1	1.0
Dec #2	3	3	2	2	2	1	2	1	3	4	7	1	0	1		2.3		1-7	2	1.2
Dec #3	5	6	2	3	3	5	5	2	3	7	4	7	2	8		4.4		2-8	1	4.4
Jan #1	7	6	4	1	5	1	3	8	0	1	0	0	6	3		3.2	9.7	0-8	4	0.8
Jan #2	4	4	6	5	0	0	6	3	6	4	11	11	8	4		5.1		0-11	1	5.1
Jan #3	7	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	3	1	1	0	1		1.4		0-7	1	1.4
<b>Total</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>74.1</b>	<b>63-81</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>1.4</b>	

\*The jump in OT20 grants in the April #1 conference signifies the court's decision on April 13, 2020, to reschedule 10 cases from OT19 to OT20 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

\*\*This total includes four cases granted on July 9, 2020, after an additional conference on July 8, 2020.

# Pace of Opinions

The following chart plots the pace at which the court releases merits opinions throughout the term, beginning in October and ending in June. This chart includes both opinions released after full briefing and summary reversals. Here, as in the Pace of Grants chart, cases are categorized by their week of release within a given sitting, rather than by calendar month. For example, the opinions for Feb #1 of OT19 were actually released between February 24-26, 2020.



# Pace of Opinions – Per Week

October Term															Average (OT06-OT18)		Range (OT06-OT18)
	'06	'07	'08	'09	'10	'11	'12	'13	'14	'15	'16	'17	'18	'19			
Oct #1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0		0-0
Oct #2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.2	0.3	0-1
Oct #3	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.2		0-1
Nov #1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.2		0-2
Nov #2	0	1	1	1	1	3	1	0	2	0	0	3	1	0	1.1	1.7	0-3
Nov #3	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.4		0-1
Dec #1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	3	0	1	1	0	1	1	0.8		0-3
Dec #2	1	2	0	5	0	0	1	2	2	1	3	0	0	2	1.3	3.3	0-5
Dec #3	2	3	1	0	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	0	1	0	1.2		0-3
Jan #1	4	3	4	4	2	7	4	3	4	2	1	1	4	2	3.3		1-7
Jan #2	1	3	5	5	3	4	1	1	6	5	1	0	2	0	2.8	8.6	1-6
Jan #3	3	1	6	1	4	4	1	3	1	4	0	3	1	0	2.5		0-6
Feb #1	5	5	5	5	4	7	9	6	3	0	3	6	3	8	4.7		0-9
Feb #2	1	2	3	3	6	1	4	5	2	2	1	3	5	1	2.9	9.6	1-6
Feb #3	2	1	4	2	3	1	1	1	2	1	3	2	3	0	2		1-4
March #1	1	2	2	1	3	7	4	3	4	6	6	3	5	5	3.6		1-7
March #2	2	2	5	5	2	5	3	2	3	2	2	1	3	1	2.8	7.9	1-5
March #3	2	1	2	0	2	2	1	0	0	3	2	2	2	3	1.5		0-3
April #1	5	5	4	4	2	4	4	4	3	6	4	2	0	6	3.6		0-6
April #2	3	1	4	3	2	2	1	3	2	1	1	3	1	3	2.1	7.5	1-4
April #3	5	1	4	2	2	0	1	3	1	1	2	0	1	3	1.8		0-5
May #1	1	1	2	3	3	1	3	1	6	8	3	5	3	1	3.1		1-8
May #2	5	4	3	6	6	5	4	5	3	3	3	2	3	0	4	10	2-6
May #3	1	3	2	5	2	2	2	3	5	3	4	2	4	5	2.9		1-5
June #1	4	3	5	4	8	2	3	5	1	5	5	5	4	1	4.2		1-8
June #2	8	9	6	9	9	2	7	6	9	6	5	5	3	4	6.5	25.8	2-9
June #3	6	7	7	10	10	8	8	8	8	10	11	13	12	2	9.1		6-13
June #4	8	10	2	5	5	5	12	3	3	3	5	9	10	5	6.2		2-12
July	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	--	--	--
<b>Total</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>74.8</b>	<b>74.8</b>	<b>68-86</b>

# Voting Alignment – All Cases

Cases are sorted by date of decision. Dissenting justices are shaded in gray and the author of the majority opinion is highlighted in red.

Case Name	Decided	Vote	Author	Sotomayor	Ginsburg	Kagan	Breyer	Roberts	Kavanaugh	Gorsuch	Alito	Thomas
<i>Thompson v. Hebdon</i>	Nov. 25, 2019	9-0	Per Curiam									
<i>Rotkiske v. Klemm</i>	Dec. 10, 2019	8-1	Thomas									
<i>Peter v. NantKwest, Inc.</i>	Dec. 11, 2019	9-0	Sotomayor									
<i>Ritzen Group, Inc. v. Jackson Masonry, LLC</i>	Jan. 14, 2020	9-0	Ginsburg									
<i>Retirement Plans Committee of IBM v. Jander</i>	Jan. 14, 2020	9-0	Per Curiam									
<i>Roman Catholic Archdiocese of San Juan, Puerto Rico v. Feliciano</i>	Feb. 24, 2020	9-0	Per Curiam									
<i>Monasky v. Taglieri</i>	Feb. 25, 2020	9-0	Ginsburg									
<i>Hernandez v. Mesa</i>	Feb. 25, 2020	5-4	Alito									

# Voting Alignment – All Cases

Cases are sorted by date of decision. Dissenting justices are shaded in gray and the author of the majority opinion is highlighted in red.

Case Name	Decided	Vote	Author	Sotomayor	Ginsburg	Kagan	Breyer	Roberts	Kavanaugh	Gorsuch	Alito	Thomas
<i>Rodriguez v. Federal Deposit Insurance Corp.</i>	Feb. 25, 2020	9-0	Gorsuch									
<i>McKinney v. Arizona</i>	Feb. 25, 2020	5-4	Kavanaugh									
<i>Shular v. United States</i>	Feb. 26, 2020	9-0	Ginsburg									
<i>Holguin-Hernandez v. United States</i>	Feb. 26, 2020	9-0	Breyer									
<i>Intel Corp. Investment Policy Committee v. Sulyma</i>	Feb. 26, 2020	9-0	Alito									
<i>Kansas v. Garcia</i>	Mar. 3, 2020	5-4	Alito									
<i>Guerrero-Lasprilla v. Barr</i>	Mar. 23, 2020	7-2	Breyer									
<i>Allen v. Cooper</i>	Mar. 23, 2020	9-0	Kagan									

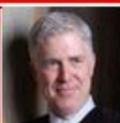
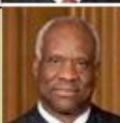
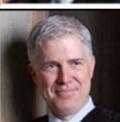
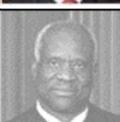
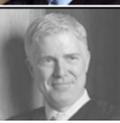
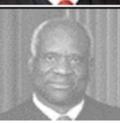
# Voting Alignment – All Cases

Cases are sorted by date of decision. Dissenting justices are shaded in gray and the author of the majority opinion is highlighted in red.

Case Name	Decided	Vote	Author	Sotomayor	Ginsburg	Kagan	Breyer	Roberts	Kavanaugh	Gorsuch	Alito	Thomas
<i>Kahler v. Kansas</i>	Mar. 23, 2020	6-3	Kagan									
<i>Comcast Corp. v. National Association of African American-Owned Media</i>	Mar. 23, 2020	9-0	Gorsuch									
<i>Davis v. United States</i>	Mar. 23, 2020	9-0	Per Curiam									
<i>CITGO Asphalt Refining Co. v. Frescati Shipping Co., Ltd.</i>	Mar. 30, 2020	7-2	Sotomayor									
<i>Kansas v. Glover</i>	Apr. 6, 2020	8-1	Thomas									
<i>Babb v. Wilkie</i>	Apr. 6, 2020	8-1	Alito									
<i>Republican National Committee v. Democratic National Committee</i>	Apr. 6, 2020	5-4	Per Curiam									
<i>Atlantic Richfield Co. v. Christian</i>	Apr. 20, 2020	7-2	Roberts									

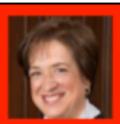
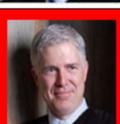
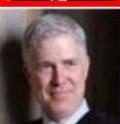
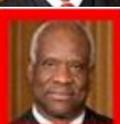
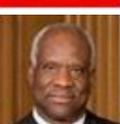
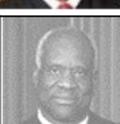
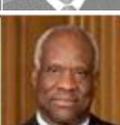
# Voting Alignment – All Cases

Cases are sorted by date of decision. Dissenting justices are shaded in gray and the author of the majority opinion is highlighted in red.

Case Name	Decided	Vote	Author	Sotomayor	Ginsburg	Kagan	Breyer	Roberts	Kavanaugh	Gorsuch	Alito	Thomas
<i>Thryv, Inc. v. Click-To-Call Technologies, LP</i>	Apr. 20, 2020	7-2	Ginsburg									
<i>Ramos v. Louisiana</i>	Apr. 20, 2020	6-3	Gorsuch									
<i>County of Maui, Hawaii v. Hawaii Wildlife Fund</i>	Apr. 23, 2020	6-3	Breyer									
<i>Romag Fasteners Inc. v. Fossil Inc.</i>	Apr. 23, 2020	9-0	Gorsuch									
<i>Barton v. Barr</i>	Apr. 23, 2020	5-4	Kavanaugh									
<i>Georgia v. Public.Resource.Org Inc.</i>	Apr. 27, 2020	5-4	Roberts									
<i>Maine Community Health Options v. United States</i>	Apr. 27, 2020	8-1	Sotomayor									
<i>New York State Rifle &amp; Pistol Association Inc. v. City of New York, New York</i>	Apr. 27, 2020	6-3	Per Curiam									

# Voting Alignment – All Cases

Cases are sorted by date of decision. Dissenting justices are shaded in gray and the author of the majority opinion is highlighted in red.

Case Name	Decided	Vote	Author	Sotomayor	Ginsburg	Kagan	Breyer	Roberts	Kavanaugh	Gorsuch	Alito	Thomas
<i>United States v. Sineneng-Smith</i>	May 7, 2020	9-0	Ginsburg									
<i>Kelly v. United States</i>	May 7, 2020	9-0	Kagan									
<i>Lucky Brand Dungarees Inc. v. Marcel Fashion Group Inc.</i>	May 14, 2020	9-0	Sotomayor									
<i>Opati v. Republic of Sudan</i>	May 18, 2020	8-0	Gorsuch									
<i>GE Energy Power Conversion France SAS v. Outokumpu Stainless USA LLC</i>	June 1, 2020	9-0	Thomas									
<i>Financial Oversight and Management Board for Puerto Rico v. Aurelius Investment, LLC</i>	June 1, 2020	9-0	Breyer									
<i>Banister v. Davis</i>	June 1, 2020	7-2	Kagan									
<i>Thole v. U.S. Bank, N.A.</i>	June 1, 2020	5-4	Kavanaugh									

# Voting Alignment – All Cases

Cases are sorted by date of decision. Dissenting justices are shaded in gray and the author of the majority opinion is highlighted in red.

Case Name	Decided	Vote	Author	Sotomayor	Ginsburg	Kagan	Breyer	Roberts	Kavanaugh	Gorsuch	Alito	Thomas
<i>Nasrallah v. Barr</i>	June 1, 2020	7-2	Kavanaugh									
<i>Lomax v. Ortiz-Marquez</i>	June 8, 2020	9-0	Kagan									
<i>U.S. Forest Service v. Cowpasture River Preservation Association</i>	June 15, 2020	7-2	Thomas									
<i>Bostock v. Clayton County, Georgia</i>	June 15, 2020	6-3	Gorsuch									
<i>Andrus v. Texas</i>	June 15, 2020	6-3	Per Curiam									
<i>Department of Homeland Security v. Regents of the University of California</i>	June 18, 2020	5-4	Roberts									
<i>Liu v. Securities and Exchange Commission</i>	June 22, 2020	8-1	Sotomayor									
<i>Department of Homeland Security v. Thuraissigiam</i>	June 25, 2020	7-2	Alito									

# Voting Alignment – All Cases

Cases are sorted by date of decision. Dissenting justices are shaded in gray and the author of the majority opinion is highlighted in red.

Case Name	Decided	Vote	Author	Sotomayor	Ginsburg	Kagan	Breyer	Roberts	Kavanaugh	Gorsuch	Alito	Thomas
<i>Seila Law LLC v. Consumer Financial Protection Bureau</i>	June 29, 2020	5-4	Roberts									
<i>June Medical Services v. Russo</i>	June 29, 2020	5-4	Breyer									
<i>United States Agency for International Development v. Alliance for Open Society International, Inc.</i>	June 29, 2020	5-3	Kavanaugh									
<i>Espinoza v. Montana Department of Revenue</i>	June 30, 2020	5-4	Roberts									
<i>U.S. Patent and Trademark Office v. Booking.com BV</i>	June 30, 2020	8-1	Ginsburg									
<i>Chiafalo v. Washington</i>	July 6, 2020	9-0	Kagan									
<i>Barr v. American Association of Political Consultants Inc.</i>	July 6, 2020	6-3	Kavanaugh									
<i>Little Sisters of the Poor Saints Peter and Paul Home v. Pennsylvania</i>	July 8, 2020	7-2	Thomas									

# Voting Alignment – All Cases

Cases are sorted by date of decision. Dissenting justices are shaded in gray and the author of the majority opinion is highlighted in red.

Case Name	Decided	Vote	Author	Sotomayor	Ginsburg	Kagan	Breyer	Roberts	Kavanaugh	Gorsuch	Alito	Thomas
<i>Our Lady of Guadalupe School v. Morrissey-Berru</i>	July 8, 2020	7-2	Alito									
<i>Trump v. Vance</i>	July 9, 2020	7-2	Roberts									
<i>Trump v. Mazars, LLP</i>	July 9, 2020	7-2	Roberts									
<i>McGirt v. Oklahoma</i>	July 9, 2020	5-4	Gorsuch									
<i>Barr v. Lee</i>	July 14, 2020	5-4	Per Curiam									

# Voting Alignment – 5-4 Cases

Cases are sorted by date of decision. Dissenting justices are shaded in gray and the author of the majority opinion is highlighted in red.

Case Name	Decided	Vote	Author	Sotomayor	Ginsburg	Kagan	Breyer	Roberts	Kavanaugh	Gorsuch	Alito	Thomas
<i>Hernandez v. Mesa</i>	Feb. 25, 2020	5-4	Alito									
<i>McKinney v. Arizona</i>	Feb. 25, 2020	5-4	Kavanaugh									
<i>Kansas v. Garcia</i>	Mar. 3, 2020	5-4	Alito									
<i>Republican National Committee v. Democratic National Committee</i>	Apr. 6, 2020	5-4	Per Curiam									
<i>Barton v. Barr</i>	Apr. 23, 2020	5-4	Kavanaugh									
<i>Georgia v. Public.Resource.Org Inc.</i>	Apr. 27, 2020	5-4	Roberts									
<i>Thole v. U.S. Bank, N.A.</i>	June 1, 2020	5-4	Kavanaugh									
<i>Department of Homeland Security v. Regents of the University of California</i>	June 18, 2020	5-4	Roberts									

# Voting Alignment – 5-4 Cases

Cases are sorted by date of decision. Dissenting justices are shaded in gray and the author of the majority opinion is highlighted in red.

Case Name	Decided	Vote	Author	Sotomayor	Ginsburg	Kagan	Breyer	Roberts	Kavanaugh	Gorsuch	Alito	Thomas
<i>Seila Law LLC v. Consumer Financial Protection Bureau</i>	June 29, 2020	5-4	Roberts									
<i>June Medical Services v. Russo</i>	June 29, 2020	5-4	Breyer									
<i>United States Agency for International Development v. Alliance for Open Society International, Inc.</i>	June 29, 2020	5-3	Kavanaugh									
<i>Espinoza v. Montana Department of Revenue</i>	June 30, 2020	5-4	Roberts									
<i>McGirt v. Oklahoma</i>	July 9, 2020	5-4	Gorsuch									
<i>Barr v. Lee</i>	July 14, 2020	5-4	Per Curiam									