

Benchmarking Elasticsearch with Rally

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Outline

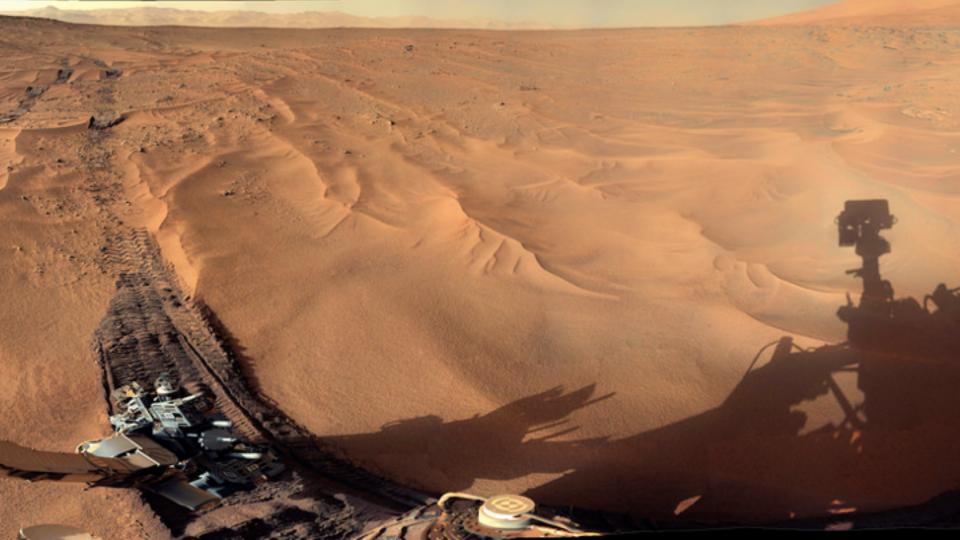
- 1 The Need for Benchmarking in the Elasticsearch Project
- 7 Deadly Benchmarking Sins
- 3 Demo



"Elasticsearch is just a search engine, isn't it?"







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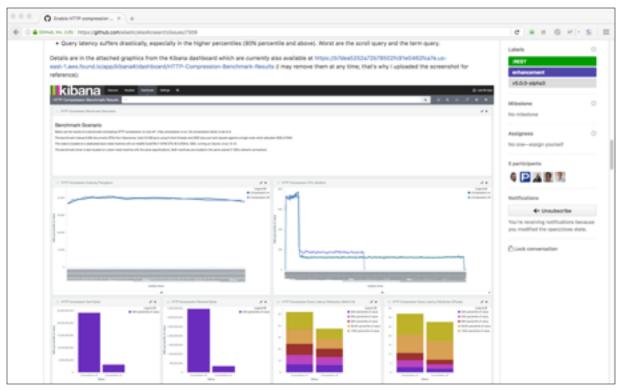
#61201 Firefox/2.0.0.3 (Us TTF/1.1" 500 617 "http:/ 1) Gecko/20061201 Fir "Mozilla/5.0

:ka/200612

How do you evaluate performance for all these use-cases?

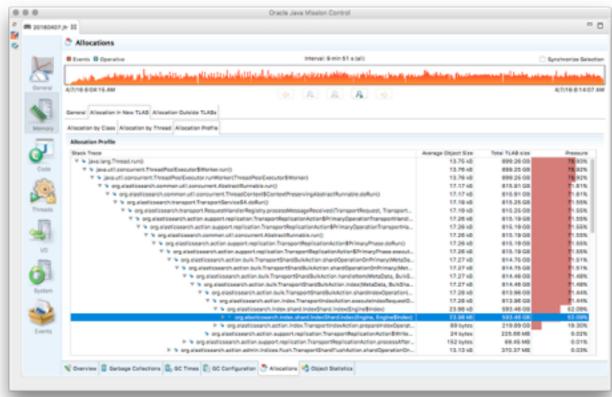


During Development





During Development



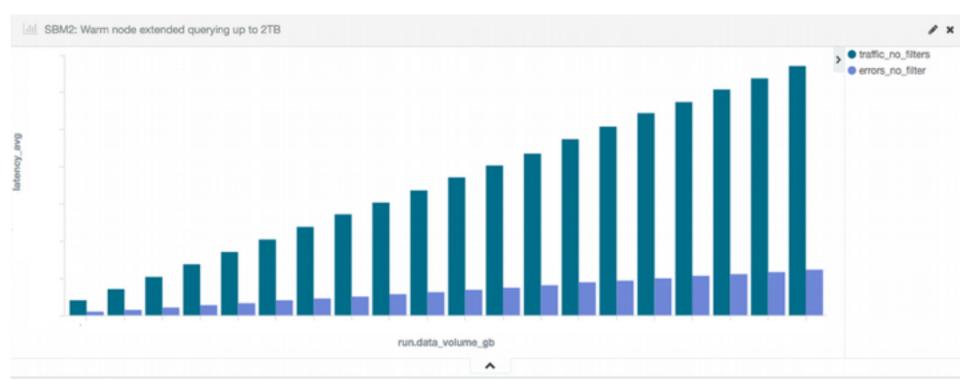


Nightly benchmarks



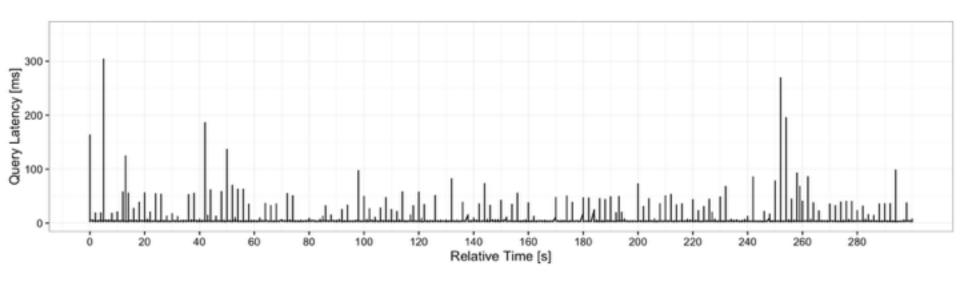


Sizing benchmarks for specific scenarios*





Performance measurement / tuning at customer site





7 Deadly Benchmark Sins



Sin #1: Not paying attention to system setup

Hardware

- Bare-metal
- SSDs
- Server-class CPU
- Single socket, multi socket?
- Enough memory head-room for FS cache



Sin #1: Not paying attention to system setup

Operating System

- Linux, Windows
- Check network configuration
- File system, LVM, etc.
- No Swap
- I/O scheduler: cfq, noop, deadline
- CPU governor: powersave, performance



Sin #1: Not paying attention to system setup

Benchmark Setup

- Beware of unwanted caching effects (FS cache, ...)
- Benchmark driver and ES on separate machines
- One node per machine (or adjust JVM parameters (GC threads))
- Low-latency, high-throughput network between benchmark driver and ES
- No other traffic on this network



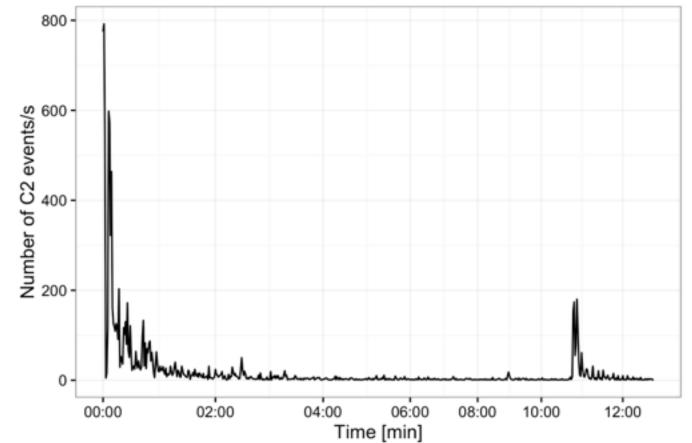
Sin #2: No warmup

Awake before your first coffee? Elasticsearch isn't either.

- JIT compiler needs to run first
- Creation of long-living data structures
- FS cache for Lucene segments (memory-mapped IO)
- Benchmark driver needs to reach stable state too

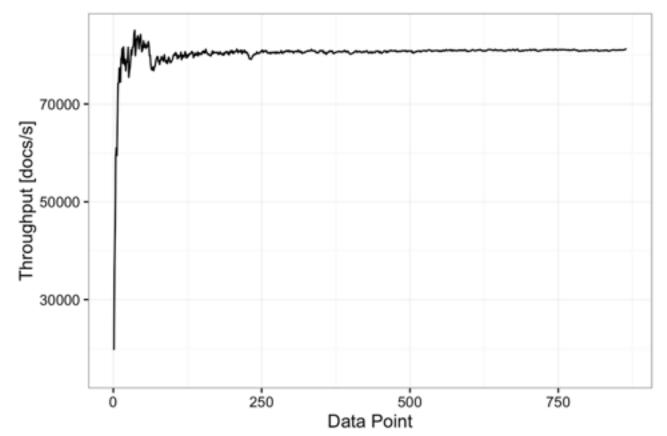


Warmup Behaviour: C2 Compilation Events/s





Warmup Behaviour: Benchmark Driver Throughput





Sin #3: No bottleneck analysis

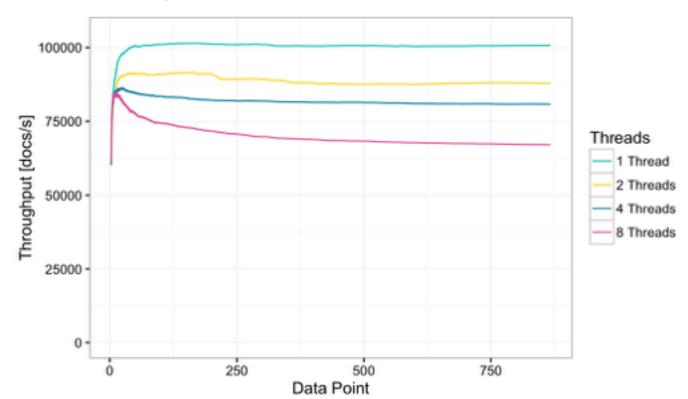
Are you really benchmarking what you think you're benchmarking?

- Benchmark driver
- System setup: analysis of system background noise (jhiccup)
- Network



First Driver Stress Tests

Contention all over the place





Sin #4: The divine benchmarking script

"After all, it produces numbers with 6 decimal places!"

- Not paying attention how metrics are gathered
 - System.currentTimeMillis() VS. System.nanoTime()
- Not checking measurement overhead
- No return code checks: the fast 404
- Blind trust in tools: No cross-verification



Cross-Validation of Metrics

Metric	Rally	Flight Recorder	GC log
Young Gen GC	79,416 ms	89,003 ms(?)	80,853 ms
Old Gen GC	23,964 ms	156,630 ms(?)	23,989 ms



Sin #5: Denying Statistics

Run-to-run variance

- How is run-to-run variance distributed?
- Multiple trial runs and t-test



Run-to-run Variance Verification Indexing Throughput Distribution 4.500 4,000 3,500 3,000 2,500 2,000 1,500 1,000 500



Sin #5: Denying Statistics

Latency Measurement

- The meaningless mean: Half of the responses are worse than the mean
- Cannot calculate 99.99th percentile from 10 samples
- Don't average percentiles
- Latency distribution is multi-modal



Sin #6: Vague Metrics

- Latency
- Service Time
- Throughput
- Waiting Time
- Response Time
- Utilisation
- •



Service Time



Sin #6: Vague metrics

Service Time

```
while (!isDone()) {
   Request req = createRequest();
   long start = System.nanoTime();
    // block until the request has finished
   send(req);
   long end = System.nanoTime();
   long serviceTime = end - start;
```



Waiting Time



Response Time / Latency









Sin #6: Vague metrics

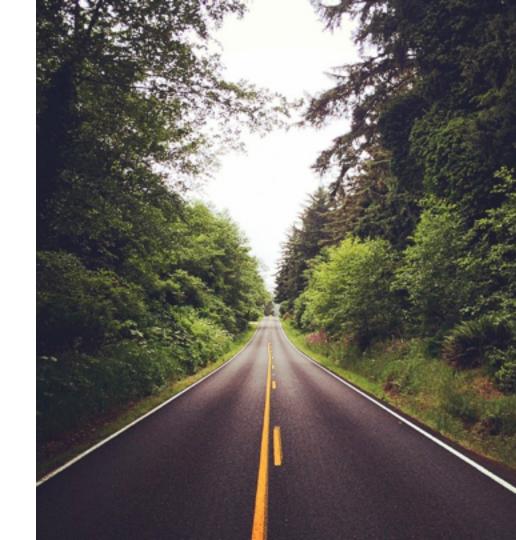
Latency

```
// generator thread
while (!isDoneGenerating()) {
   Request req = createRequest();
   long start = System.nanoTime();
   queue.put(req, start);
// request issuing thread
while (!isDoneSending()) {
   request, start = queue.take();
    send(request);
   long end = System.nanoTime();
   long latency = end - start;
```



Utilisation

0% utilisation: no waiting time



Utilisation

100% utilisation: high waiting time

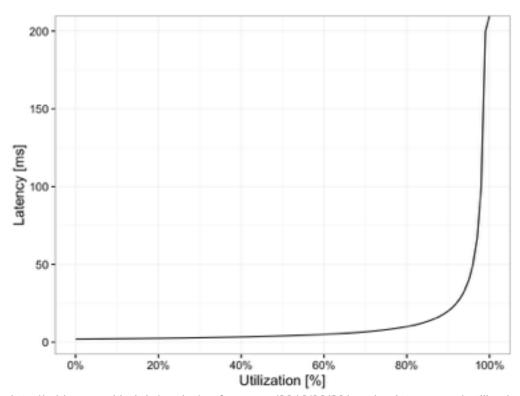


Throughput and Utilisation



Sin #6: Vague metrics

Latency ... at which throughput?





Sin #6: Vague metrics

Latency at a defined throughput

```
// generator thread
while (!isDoneGenerating()) {
    Request req = createRequest();
   long start = System.nanoTime();
   queue.put(req, start);
   Thread.sleep(waitTime(targetThroughput));
// request issuing thread
while (!isDoneSending()) {
   request, start = queue.take();
   send(request);
   long end = System.nanoTime();
   long latency = end - start;
```

Sin #7: Treat Performance as One-Dimensional

Vary inputs

- Bulk size
- Query parameters
- Document structure



Sin #7: Treat Performance as One-Dimensional

Vary execution order

- Run queries in different order: Avoid caching effects
- Interfere operations: How does indexing behave with concurrent queries?



Sin #7: Treat Performance as One-Dimensional

And more

- Hardware
- OS
- JDK
- •



How we measure





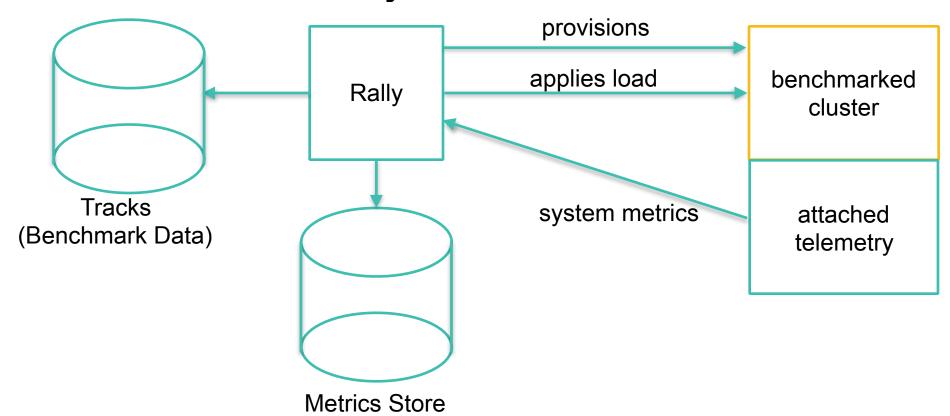
Rally

You know ... for benchmarking Elasticsearch

https://github.com/elastic/rally



10.000 feet view of Rally





Demo



Summary







Performance is easy, all you need to know is everything

Questions?



Slides

https://bit.ly/rally-javazone-16



Further Resources: Talks and Articles

- What is coordinated omission? https://groups.google.com/forum/#!msg/mechanical-sympathy/icNZJejUHfE/BfDekfBEs_sJ
- Example: "Fixing Coordinated Omission in Cassandra Stress": https://psylob-saw.blogspot.de/2016/07/fixing-co-in-cstress.html
- Relating Service Utilisation to Latency: http://robharrop.github.io/maths/
 performance/2016/02/20/service-latency-and-utilisation.html
- "How not to measure latency": http://www.youtube.com/watch?
 v=IJ8ydIuPFeU
- "Benchmarking Blunders and Things That Go Bump in the Night": http://arxiv.org/pdf/cs/0404043v1.pdf



Further Resources: Tools & Methodology

- USE method: http://www.brendangregg.com/usemethod.html
- Java Flight Recorder: http://docs.oracle.com/javacomponents/jmc-5-5/jfr-runtime-guide/index.html
- JITWatch: https://github.com/AdoptOpenJDK/jitwatch
- Rally: https://github.com/elastic/rally



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